

# Beer Styles Study Guide

Today, there are hundreds of documented beer styles and a handful of organizations with their own unique classifications. As beer styles continue to evolve, understanding the sensory side of craft beer will help you more deeply appreciate and share your knowledge and enthusiasm for the beverage of beer.

Take a deeper dive into America's craft beer styles and improve your ability to describe the tastes, textures and aromas of beer. Here is your study guide that will help prepare you for what you might encounter when tasting craft beer.

# How to Use the Study Guide

The CraftBeer.com Beer Styles Study Guide (below and available as a PDF) is for those who want to dive even deeper and includes quantitative style statistics not found in the Beer Styles section. Using an alphabetical list of triggers — from alcohol to yeast variety — this text will help describe possible characteristics of a specific beer style.

The best part of learning about craft beer is getting to taste and experience what you're studying. Use the CraftBeer.com Tasting Sheet to help you analyze and describe what you taste and if it's appropriate for a particular beer style.

The Beer Styles Study Guide may provide more information than many beer novices care to know. However, as your beer journey unfolds, your desire for more descriptors and resources will grow.

# Do All Craft Brewers Brew Beer to Style?

Craft beer resides at the intersection of art and science. It is up to each individual brewer to decide whether they want to create beer within specific style guidelines or forge a new path and break the mold of traditional styles. Because so many craft brewers brew outside style guidelines, it is impossible to make a list that fully represents the spectrum of beers being created today. CraftBeer.com Beer Styles include many common styles being made in the U.S. today, but is not exhaustive.

# Common U.S. Beer Styles

Craft brewers use a wide variety of ingredients to achieve the aroma, body, flavor and finish they desire in their beer. They often take classic, old-world styles from great brewing countries like England, Germany and Belgium and add their own twists by modifying the amount or type of ingredients or the brewing processes. Due to the popularity of craft beer in America, there are now multiple beer styles uniquely credited to the U.S.

Due to the constant experimentation and exploration by today's U.S. brewers, new beer styles are constantly evolving. That makes it difficult, if not impossible, to fully document all types of beer being made at any given time. Another factor is that new beer styles usually become established by developing a track record of multiple breweries making the same type of beer over years and years. In other words, it takes time before any trendy new type of beer is deemed a recognized beer style.

To create this study guide, we looked at the world beer styles recognized by the Brewers Association (publishers of CraftBeer.com) and narrowed that list down to 79 styles in 15 style families. Descriptive terms are always listed from least to most intense.

# Overview of the Study Guide

## **Explanation of Quantitative Style Statistics**

- **Original Gravity (OG)**: The specific gravity of wort (unfermented beer) before fermentation. A measure of the total amount of solids that are dissolved in the wort, it compares the density of the wort to the density of water, which is conventionally given as 1.000 at 60 Fahrenheit.
- **Final Gravity (FG)**: The specific gravity of a beer as measured when fermentation is complete (when all desired fermentable sugars have been converted to alcohol and carbon dioxide gas). When fermentation has occurred, this number is always less than Original Gravity.
- Alcohol By Volume (ABV): A measurement of the alcohol content in terms of the percentage volume of alcohol per volume of beer. Caution: This measurement is always higher than Alcohol by Weight (not included in this guide). To calculate the approximate volumetric alcohol content, subtract FG from OG and divide by 0.0075.

Example: OG = 1.050, FG = 1.012 ABV = (1.050 – 1.012) / 0.0075 ABV = 0.038 / 0.0075 ABV = 5.067 ABV = 5% (approximately)

- **International Bitterness Units (IBUs)**: 1 bitterness unit = 1 milligram of isomerized (exposed to heat) hop alpha acids in one liter of beer. Can range from 0 (lowest—no bitterness) to above 100 IBUs. Usually the general population cannot perceive bitterness above or below a specific range of IBUs (said to be below 8 and above 80 IBUs by some sources).
- **Bitterness Ratio (BU:GU)**: A comparison of IBUs (Bitterness Units) to sugars (Gravity Units) in a beer. .5 is perceived as balanced, less than .5 is perceived as sweeter and over .5 is perceived as more bitter. Formula: Divide IBU by the last two digits of Original Gravity (remove the 1.0) to give relative bitterness. Note: Carbonation also balances beer's bitterness, but is not factored in this equation. This is a concept from Ray Daniels, creator of the Cicerone<sup>®</sup> Certification Program.

Example: pale ale with 37 IBUs and an OG of 1.052 is 37/52 = 0.71 BU:GU

• **Standard Reference Method (SRM)**: Provides a numerical range representing the color of a beer. The common range is 2-50. The higher the SRM, the darker the beer. SRM represents the absorption of specific wavelengths of light. It provides an analytical method that brewers use to measure and quantify the color of a beer. The SRM concept was originally published by the American Society of Brewing Chemists.

Examples: Very Light (1-1.5), Straw (2-3 SRM), Pale (4), Gold (5-6), Light Amber (7), Amber (8), Medium Amber (9), Copper/Garnet (10-12), Light Brown (13-15), Brown/Reddish Brown/Chestnut Brown (16-17), Dark Brown (18-24), Very Dark (25-39), Black (40+)

- Volumes of CO2 (v/v): Volumes of CO2 commonly vary from 1-3+ v/v (volumes of dissolved gas per volume of liquid) with 2.2-2.7 volumes being the most common in the U.S. market. Beer's carbonation comes from carbon dioxide gas, which is a naturally occurring byproduct created during fermentation by yeast and a variety of microorganisms. The amount of carbonation is expressed in terms of "volumes" of CO2. A volume is the space the CO2 gas would occupy at standard temperature and pressure, compared to the volume of beer in which it's dissolved. So one keg of beer at 2.5 volumes of CO2 contains enough gas to fill 2.5 kegs with CO2.
- **Apparent Attenuation (AA)**: A simple measure of the extent of fermentation wort has undergone in the process of becoming beer, Apparent Attenuation reflects the amount of malt sugar that is converted to ethanol during fermentation. The result is expressed as a percentage and equals 65% to 80% for most beers. Or said more simply: Above 80% is very high attenuation with little residual sugar. Below 60% is low attenuation with more residual sugar remaining. Formula: AA = [(OG-FG) / (OG-1)] x 100

Example: OG = 1.080, FG = 1.020 AA = [(1.080 - 1.020) / (1.080 - 1)] x 100 AA = (0.060 / 0.080) x 100 AA = 0.75 x 100 AA = 75%

• **Commercial Examples:** List some U.S. brewery produced examples of this style.

# The A-Z of Beer Styles

# Use this alphabetical list of triggers as a guide to help you when describing possible characteristics of a specific beer style.

## Alcohol

- Ranges: not detectable, mild, noticeable, harsh
- A synonym for ethyl alcohol or ethanol, the colorless primary alcohol component of beer.
- Alcohol ranges for beer vary from less than 3.2% to greater than 14% ABV. Sensed in aroma, flavor and palate of beer
- Fusel alcohol can also exist in beer

## **Brewing and Conditioning Process**

• Brewers use a wide variety of techniques to modify the brewing process. Some of the variables they play with might include variable mashing, steeping, unique fermentation temperatures, multiple yeast additions, barrel aging and blending, dry hopping and bottle conditioned.

## Carbonation (CO2): Visual

- Ranges: none, slow, medium, fast rising bubbles
- Carbonation is a main ingredient in beer. It lends body or weight on the tongue and stimulates the trigeminal nerves, which sense temperature, texture and pain in the face. Carbonation can be detected as an aroma (carbonic acid). It also affects appearance and is what creates the collar of foam common to most beer styles.
- Carbonation can be naturally occurring (produced by yeast during fermentation) or added to beer under pressure. Nitrogen can also be added to beer, providing smaller bubbles and a softer mouthfeel compared to CO<sub>2</sub>.

**Clarity:** The degree to which solids in suspension are absent in beer; different from color and brightness.

- Ranges: brilliant, clear, slight haze, hazy, opaque
- Solids can include unfermented sugars, proteins, yeast sediments and more.
- The degree to which solids are present in solution is referred to as turbidity.

Color (SRM): See SRM under Quantitative above.

## Country of Origin: The country from which a style originates

## Food Pairing: Cheese, Entree, Dessert

Glass: The recommended glassware for each beer style.

## **Hop Ingredients**

- Flavor and aroma ranges: citrus, tropical, fruity, floral, herbal, onion-garlic, sweaty, spicy, woody, green, pine, spruce, resinous
- Bitterness ranges: restrained, moderate, aggressive, harsh
- Hops deliver resins and essential oils that influence beer's aroma, flavor, bitterness, head retention, astringency, and perceived sweetness. They also increase beer's stability and shelf life.
- Brewers today use well over 100 different varieties of hops worldwide. Hops grown in the U.S. contribute an estimated 30 percent to the global supply.

## **Malt Ingredients**

- Flavor and aroma ranges: bread flour, grainy, biscuit, bready, toast, caramel, prune-like, roast, chocolate, coffee, smoky, acrid
- Malt has been called the soul of beer. It is the main fermentable ingredient, providing the sugars that yeast use to create alcohol and carbonation.
- Malt is converted barley or other grains that have been steeped, germinated, heated, kilned (or roasted in a drum), cooled, dried and then rested.
- A wide variety of barley and other malts are used to make beer, including pale malt (pilsner and pale two-row), higher temperature kilned malt (Munich and Vienna), roasted/specialty malt (chocolate and black) and unmalted barley. Wheat malt is commonly used as well.
- Malt provides fermentable and non-fermentable sugars and proteins that influence beer's aroma, alcohol, body, color, flavor and head retention.

## **Other Ingredients**

- Adjuncts are ingredients that have typically not been malted, but are a source of fermentable sugars.
- Common adjuncts include: candy sugar, honey, molasses, refined sugar, treacle, maple syrup
- Unmalted starchy adjuncts: oats, rye, wheat, corn/maize, rice
  - Note: Many of these grains can be malted to create unique flavors compared to their unmalted counterparts.
- Other: fruit, herbs, roasted (unmalted) barley or wheat, spices, wood

## **Oxidative/Aged Qualities**

- Can come from hops, malt or yeast. Only listed where appropriate for the specific style.
- Aroma/Flavor: almond, blackcurrant, E-2-nonenal (papery/cardboard), honey, metallic, sherry, sweat socks, others
- Color: Beer darkens over time due to oxygen ingress.

## Palate

- Palate refers to the non-taste sensations felt on the mouth and tongue when tasting a beer. The palate of a beer can be sensed as:
- Astringency
  - Ranges: low, medium(-), medium, medium(+), high
- Body
  - Ranges: drying, soft, mouth-coating, sticky
- Palate Carbonation
  - Ranges: low, medium, high
- Length/Finish
  - Ranges: short (less than 15 seconds), medium (up to 60 seconds), long (more than 60 seconds)

## Serving Temperature

- Storage of draught beer should remain at 38° F to retain the level of carbonation created during fermentation.
- The service temperature of beer has an impact on the sensory aspect of a beer.
- In general, a beer will exhibit an increase in perceived aromas and flavors if served warmer than a beer that is served at a cooler temperature.
- A general rule of thumb calls for ales to be served at a warmer temperature ( $45-55^{\circ}$  F) than their lager counterparts ( $40-45^{\circ}$  F).

## Water Type

- Common taste descriptors: chalk, flint, sulfur and more
- Beer is mostly water, which makes water quite an important ingredient. Some brewers make their beer without altering the chemistry of their water sources. Many do modify the water to make it most suitable to deliver the beer characteristics they hope to highlight. It provides minerals and ions that add various qualities to beer.
- Common minerals: carbonate, calcium, magnesium, sulfate

## Yeast, Microorganisms and Fermentation Byproducts

• Yeast eats sugars from malted barley and other fermentables, producing carbonation, alcohol and aromatic compounds. The flavor of yeast differs based on yeast strain, temperature, time exposed to the beer, oxygen and other variables.

- Types of Yeast:
  - Ale: Saccharomyces Cerevisiae (ester driven). Commonly referred to as top fermenting yeast, it most often ferments at warmer temperatures (60-70F).
  - Lager: Saccharomyces Pastorianus (often lends sulfuric compounds). Commonly referred to as bottom fermenting yeast, it most often ferments at cooler temperatures (45-55F).
  - Weizen Yeast: Common to some German-style wheat beers and is considered an ale yeast.
  - Brettanomyces: wild yeast with flavors like barnyard, tropical fruit, and more.
  - Microorganisms: (bacteria) Acetobacter (produces acetic acid), Lactobacillus/Pediococcus (produce lactic acid), others

## **Byproducts of Fermentation**

- For a robust spreadsheet on many byproducts or agents in beer see Flavor Components in Beer (PDF)
- Common byproducts of yeast fermentation:
  - Esters:
    - Aromas (volatiles): apple, apricot, banana, blackcurrant, cherry, fig, grapefruit, kiwi, peach, pear, pineapple, plum, raisin, raspberry, strawberry, others
    - Common esters include:
      - Isoamyl acetate (common from weizen ale yeast): banana, pear
      - Ethyl acetate: nail polish remover, solvent
      - Ethyl hexanoate: red apple, fennel
  - Phenols
    - Common phenols include:
      - 4-vinyl guaiacol: clove, cinnamon, vanilla
      - Chlorophenols: antiseptic, mouthwash
      - Syringol: smoky, campfire
      - Tannins/Polyphenols: velvet, astringent, sandpaper
  - Other fermentation byproducts
    - Common byproducts include (when acceptable to style):
      - 4-ethyl-phenol: barnyard, mice
      - 4-ethyl-guaiacol: smoked meat, clove
      - 3-methyl-2-butene-1-thiol: lightstruck
      - 2,3-butanedione (Diacetyl)
      - Acetaldehyde
      - Dimethyl sulphide (DMS)
      - Hydrogen sulphide

# What is Craft Beer? What is a Craft Brewer?

Today is the best time in U.S. history to be a beer lover. The average American lives within 10 miles of a brewery, and the U.S. has more beer styles and brands to choose from than any other beer market in the world.

The definition of "craft beer" is difficult, as it means many different things to many different beer lovers. Thus, craft beer is not defined by CraftBeer.com. However, our parent organization, the Brewers Association, does define what it means to be an American craft brewer: A U.S. craft brewer is a smaller producer (making less than six million barrels of beer a year) and is independently owned. This definition allows the Brewers Association to provide statistics on the growing craft brewery community, which accounts for 98 percent of America's 6,300+ breweries.

Visit BrewersAssociation.org for the complete craft brewer definition and details on the craft beer industry market segments: brewpubs, microbreweries and regional craft breweries.

# Why Craft Beer?

Craft beer is enjoyed during everyday celebrations and is viewed by many as one of life's special pleasures. Each glass displays the creativity and passion of its maker and the complexity of its ingredients. Craft beer is treasured by millions who see it as not merely a fermented beverage, but something to be shared, revered and enjoyed in moderation (see Savor the Flavor).

In the food arts world, craft beer is a versatile beverage that not only enhances food when expertly paired with a dish, but is also often brought into the kitchen as a cooking ingredient. Because of this, you will see suggested food pairings for each style in this guide. If you would like to geek out even further on beer and food pairing, check out CraftBeer.com's Beer & Food Course (a free download).

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# American Amber Ale

## **Style Family: Pale Ales**

Like most amber beers, American amber ale is named after the golden to amber color this American version of English pale ale exhibits. The color is derived from the use of caramel and crystal malt additions, which are roasted to provide amber beers with the color, body and flavor many beer fans have come to appreciate. Falling under the ale beer type, amber ales ferment at warmer temperatures for what is typically a much shorter amount of time than lager style beers.

# American Amber Ale

The American amber ale is one of the most widely enjoyed styles throughout the United States and serves as a cornerstone style of the American craft brewing revolution. American ambers are darker in color than their pale ale cousins, the presence of caramel and crystal malts lending a toasted, toffee flavor, along with the perception of a fuller body when compared to beers without such malts. Amber beer showcases a medium-high to high malt character with medium to low caramel character derived from the use of roasted crystal malts. The American amber is characterized by American-variety hops, which lend the amber ale notes of citrus, fruit and pine to balance the sweetness of the malt.

As with many amber beer types, American amber ale is a highly versatile companion to American cuisine, particularly foods that are grilled or barbecued, as roasted malts complement seared, charred and caramelized proteins making this ale beer type a perennial favorite at backyard cookouts.

# Amber Ale Beer Near You

The popularity of the American amber ale makes the style one of the easier amber beers to seek out at small and independent craft breweries or find in a local craft-centric retailer. Across the country, you can discover countless variations of the amber ale. Use our "Find a Brewery" map to help you discover the amber ale beers at a new brewery near you.

If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn about amber beer, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.048 - 1.058
FG	1.012 - 1.018
ABV	4.4% - 6.1%
IBU	25 - 45
BU:GU	0.62 - 0.78
SRM	11 - 18
CO2 Volumes	2 - 2.5
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	69 - 75

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

HopBack Amber	Troegs Brewing Co.
<b>Boont Amber</b>	Anderson Valley Brewing Co.
Red Seal	North Coast Brewing Co.

#### Style A-Z

AlcoholMild to NoticeableCarbonation (Visual)Medium to Fast Rising BubblesClarityClear to Slight HazeColorCopper to Reddish BrownCountry of OriginUnited States

#### Food Pairings

CheeseMedium CheddarEntréeBarbecueDessertBanana Pound Cake



Glass Tulip

Hop Aroma/FlavorCitrus-like character is acceptableCommon Hop IngredientsHorizon, Cascade, CentennialMalt Aroma/FlavorCaramelCommon Malt IngredientsEnglish Pale Ale or American Two-Row, Crystal, VictoryPalate BodyMouth-CoatingPalate CarbonationMedium to HighPalate Length/FinishShort to MediumServing Temperature45-55°FWater TypeVaries

Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersThere may below levels of fruity-ester flavor

# American Pale Ale

#### **Style Family: Pale Ales**

Like many others that have become known as classic American beers, the American pale ale can trace its roots to beer styles from abroad. The American pale ale beer was inspired by the English pale ale, replacing its English counterpart's earthy, herbal hops with generous additions of boldly citrus and pine-like American varieties. As one of the most popular American beer styles, pale ale beer is not hard to track down, but the various takes on this iconic style by just as many American craft brewers makes it impossible to jam everything there is to know about American pale ale beer on one page, but we'll do our best.

# American Pale Ale Beers

Characterized by floral, fruity, citrus-like, piney, resinous American hops, the American pale ale is a medium-bodied beer with low to medium caramel, and carries with it a toasted maltiness. American pale ale is one of the most food-friendly styles to enjoy, since the pale ale works wonderfully with lighter fare such as salads and chicken, but can still stand up to a hearty bowl of chili; a variety of different cheeses, including cheddar; seafood, like steamed clams or fish, and even desserts. The American pale ale's affinity to food can be attributed to the simplicity of its ingredients, which include toasty pale malt, a clean fermenting ale beer yeast, and the counterbalance of American hops to help tease out the flavor or cleanse the palate, preparing you for another bite.

# Pale Ale Beer in America

While pale ale beer has definitively English roots, many credit the American take on the style to the advent of Sierra Nevada Pale Ale, which employs the use of American Cascade hops and a clean fermenting ale yeast that has become synonymous with today's West Coast style craft beers. Currently, pale ales offer beer fans a balance between malt and hops, which make pale ales one of the most enjoyed and approachable beer styles available.

# American Pale Ale

American pale ale beer remains a staple of the American beer world because it continues to evolve. With each passing day, independent breweries across the country are reimagining the classic pale ale by experimenting with local ingredients to craft flavor profiles that push the boundaries of beer. If you'd like to further explore the world of pale ales and learn more about American pale ale beers, continue to explore our site. Expand your American pale ale knowledge base by responsibly trying beers first hand, and track down craft breweries using our brewery map.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.044 - 1.050

 FG
 1.008 - 1.014

 ABV
 4.4% - 5.4%

 IBU
 30 - 50

 BU:GU
 0.68 - 1.00

 SRM
 6 - 14

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 72 - 82

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Stick's Pale AleBootstrap Brewing Co.Pale AleSierra NevadaMirror PondDeschutes Brewery



AlcoholNot Detectable to MildCarbonation (Visual)Medium to Fast Rising BubblesClarityClear to Slight HazeBrewing/Conditioning ProcessDry-hopping or late hop additions to the kettle are commonColorDeep Golden to Copper or Light BrownCountry of OriginUnited States



Food PairingsCheeseMild or Medium CheddarEntréeRoasted or Grilled MeatsDessertApple Pie

Glass	Tulip	
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are medium to medium-high, exhibiting fruity, floral, and	
	citrus-like American-variety hop aromas. Hop bitterness is medium to medium-	
	high	
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Horizon, Cascade, Centennial	
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Biscuit, Bready, Caramel	
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pale, Caramel, Munich	
Palate Body	Soft	
<b>Palate Carbonation</b>	Medium to High	
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium	
Serving Temperature	45-55°F	
Water Type	Sulfite content may vary, but carbonate content should be relatively low	

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersCitrus, Tropical Fruit, Pine

# Blonde Ale

#### **Style Family: Pale Ales**

One of the most approachable styles, a golden or blonde ale is an easy-drinking beer that is visually appealing and has no particularly dominating malt or hop characteristics. Rounded and smooth, it is an American classic known for its simplicity. Sometimes referred to as "golden ale." These beers can have honey, spices and fruit added, and may be fermented with lager or ale yeast.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.045 - 1.054

 FG
 1.008 - 1.016

 ABV
 4.1% - 5.1%

 IBU
 15 - 25

 BU:GU
 0.33 - 0.45

 SRM
 3 - 7

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 71 - 82

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Summer Love AleVictory Brewing Co.Twilight Summer AleDeschutes BreweryKirbyEcho Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Not Detectable to Mild
Carbonation (Visual)	Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Brilliant to Slight Haze
Color	Straw to Light Amber
Country of Origin	United States

#### **Food Pairings**

-	
Cheese	Pepper Jack
Entrée	Spaghetti and Meatballs
Dessert	Sugar Cookies

Glass	Tulip
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma is low to medium-low, present but not dominant. Hop bitterness is
	low to medium-low.
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Williamette
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Light malt sweetness is present in the flavor. Bread, toast, biscuit and wheat
	flavors are common.
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	American Two-Row, Crystal
Other ingredients	May include up to 25 percent Malted Wheat and sugar adjuncts.
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Short
Serving Temperature	45-50°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeLager or AlePhenolsNot common to style.EstersFruity esters may be perceived but not predominant.

# **English-Style Bitter**

#### **Style Family: Pale Ales**

The English-style bitter is a very sessionable, lower-alcohol, malt-driven style. Broad style description commonly associated with cask-conditioned beers. The light- to medium-bodied ordinary bitter is gold to copper in color, with a low residual malt sweetness. Hop bitterness is medium.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.033 - 1.038
FG	1.006 - 1.012
ABV	3.0% - 4.2%
IBU	20 - 35
BU:GU	0.61 - 0.92
SRM	5 - 12
CO2 Volumes	1 - 1.5
Apparent Attenuation	68 - 82
SRM CO2 Volumes	5 - 12 1 - 1.5

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Midsummer Fling Harpoon Brewery Pale Ale Rio Blanco Brewing Co. Redfeather Black Raven Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Not Detectable to Mild	
Carbonation (Visual)	Slow Rising Bubbles	
Clarity	Clear to Brilliant	
Color	Gold to Copper	
Country of Origin	United Kingdom	

**Food Pairings** 

Cheese Firm English Cheeses Entrée Roasted Chicken, Fish and Chips Dessert Oatmeal Raisin Walnut Cookies

#### Glass Nonic Pint

Common Hop Ingredients Kent Goldings Palate Body Drying to Soft Palate Carbonation Low Palate Length/Finish Short Serving Temperature 50-55°F Water Type Varies

Hop Aroma/Flavor Hop aroma may be evident at the brewer's discretion Malt Aroma/Flavor Low to medium residual malt sweetness is present Common Malt Ingredients British Pale Ale, Aromatic, Crystal, Special Roast

#### Yeast

Type Ale Phenols Not common to style Esters Fruity esters are common. Fermentation Byproducts Low-level diacetyl aromas and flavor are acceptable

# English-Style Pale Ale (ESB)

#### **Style Family: Pale Ales**

ESB stands for "extra special bitter." This style is known for its balance and the interplay between malt and hop bitterness. English pale ales display earthy, herbal English-variety hop character. Medium to high hop bitterness, flavor and aroma should be evident. The yeast strains used in these beers lend a fruitiness to their aromatics and flavor, referred to as esters. The residual malt and defining sweetness of this richly flavored, full-bodied bitter is medium to medium-high.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.040 - 1.056

 FG
 1.008 - 1.016

 ABV
 4.4% - 5.3%

 IBU
 20 - 40

 BU:GU
 0.50 - 0.71

 SRM
 5 - 12

 CO2 Volumes
 1.5 - 2

 Apparent Attenuation
 71 - 80

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

<b>5 Barrel Pale Ale</b>	Odell Brewing Co.
<b>Royal Scandal</b>	Peticolas Brewing Co.
Moondog Ale	Great Lakes Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

AlcoholMildCarbonation (Visual)Slow Rising BubblesClarityClear to BrilliantColorGold to CopperCountry of OriginUnited Kingdom

#### **Food Pairings**

Cheese	English-Style Cheeses
Entrée	Roasted Chicken, Fish and Chips
Dessert	Maple Bread Pudding

Glass	Nonic Pint
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop flavor is medium to medium-high. Hop bitterness is medium to medium-
	high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Kent Goldings
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Residual malt and defining sweetness is medium to medium-high
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	British Pale Ale, Crystal
Other ingredients	Some versions use sugar, corn or wheat
Palate Body	Moderate
Palate Carbonation	Low
Palate Length/Finish	Short
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Some versions use medium to high sulfate

#### Yeast

Туре		
Phenols	Not common to style	
Esters	Fruity-ester and very low diacetyl flavors are acceptable, but should be	
	minimized in this form of bitter	Source: CraftBeer.com

# American Amber Lager

#### **Style Family: Dark Lagers**

A widely available, sessionable craft beer style that showcases both malt and hops. Amber lagers are a medium-bodied lager with a toasty or caramel-like malt character. Hop bitterness can range from very low to medium-high. Brewers may use decoction mash and dry-hopping to achieve advanced flavors.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.042 - 1.056
FG	1.010 - 1.018
ABV	4.8% - 5.4%
IBU	18 - 30
BU:GU	0.43 - 0.54
SRM	6 - 14
CO2 Volumes	2.5 approximately
Apparent Attenuation	68 - 76

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Sam Adams Boston Lager	Boston Beer Co.
Lager	Brooklyn Brewery
Lighter Than I Look	Figueroa Mountain Brewing



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild to Noticeable
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear to Slight Haze
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Can use decoction mash and dry-hopping to achieve advanced flavors
Color	Gold to Copper
<b>Country of Origin</b>	United States

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseWhite CheddarEntréeGrilled Meats and VegetablesDessertFruit Desserts

#### Glass Tulip

Hop Aroma/FlavorHop flavor and aroma are very low to medium-high. Hop bitterness is very low<br/>to medium-highCommon Hop IngredientsGerman NobleMalt Aroma/FlavorLow to medium-low caramel-type or toasted malt aromas are often presentCommon Malt IngredientsTwo-row, Munich, Vienna, CaramelPalate BodySoftPalate CarbonationMedium to HighServing Temperature45-50°FWater TypeVaries

#### Yeast

TypeLagerPhenolsNot common to styleEstersNot common to style

# German-Style Dunkel

## Style Family: Dark Lagers

The German-style dunkel is a bottom-fermented lager style beer. The word "dunkel" is German for "dark," and this dark beer style offers beer lovers balanced flavors of chocolate, bread crust and caramel. The dunkel is a classic German lager that craft brewers are fond of brewing and countless people across the world are fond of enjoying. Like most German beers, dunkel beer is a great candidate for food pairing, matching up well to grilled meats.

# German-Style Dunkel

A German-style dunkel, sometimes referred to as a Munchner dunkel, should have an aroma comprised of chocolate roasted malt and bread or biscuit-like features that stem from the use of Munich malt. Despite the malt forward flavor profile, this beer does not offer an overly sweet impression. Rather, you'll find a mild balance between the distinct character of malt and the refined touch of bitterness from noble hops, indicative of what many beer drinkers expect from German beer styles.

# Shedding Light on the German Dunkel

Comprised of mostly Munich malt, the German dunkel's caramelized malt experience is the product of a chemical process known as the Maillard reaction. This reaction is what lends Munich malt its distinctive bread crust flavor. While barley malt is kilned, the malt browns, creating a myriad of caramelized flavors. Browned proteins, like grilled pork chops and oven-browned bread both benefit from the Maillard reaction. Keep this in mind when you are pairing these types of foods with beers since dishes that showcase flavors derived from the Maillard reaction complement each other very well. These flavors are what make grilled pork chops a great meal to enjoy with a German dunkel beer.

# Finding German Dunkel Beer

The CraftBeer.com "Find a Brewery" map is designed to help everyone from the craft beer connoisseur to the casual craft beer drinker find their first, or next, favorite brewery or brewpub. Through searching by location, brewery name, or even by state, we can point you in the direction of the nearest brewery where you can find your next favorite beer, which could be a German dunkel.

If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about German beer, what types of foods and flavors match best with German-style beers, or any other variety of beer of your choosing, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.

## Quantitative Style Statistics

OG	1.048 - 1.056
FG	1.014 - 1.018
ABV	4.8% - 5.3%
IBU	16 - 25
BU:GU	0.33 - 0.45
SRM	15 - 17
CO2 Volumes	2 - 2.5
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	68 - 71

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Moondoor Dunkel Wibby Brewing Knight Ryder Munich Dunkel Equinox Brewing

Dunkel Chuckanut Brewery



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol Mild to Noticeable Carbonation (Visual) Medium Rising Bubbles Clarity Clear to Slight Haze Brewing/Conditioning Process A decoction mash is commonly used **Color** Light Brown to Dark Brown

#### Country of Origin Germany

Food PairingsCheeseWashed-Rind MunsterEntréeSausages, Roasted VegetablesDessertCandied Ginger Beer Cake

#### Glass Vase

Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are not perceived. Hop bitterness is low
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	German Noble
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Malt aroma is low to medium, with chocolate-like, roasted malt, bread-like or
	biscuit-like notes
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Munich, Carafa Special II
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Medium
Serving Temperature	45-50°F
Water Type	Moderate carbonate water

#### Yeast

TypeLagerPhenolsNot common to styleEstersNot common to style

# German-Style Marzen / Oktoberfest

#### **Style Family: Dark Lagers**

A beer rich in malt with a balance of clean, hop bitterness. Bread or biscuit-like malt aroma and flavor is common. Originating in Germany, this style used to be seasonally available in the spring ("Marzen" meaning "March"), with the fest-style versions tapped in October.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.050 - 1.060
FG	1.012 - 1.020
ABV	5.1% - 6.0%
IBU	18 - 25
BU:GU	0.36 - 0.42
SRM	4 - 15
CO2 Volumes	2 - 2.5
Apparent Attenuation	67 - 76

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Rhinofest Lost Rhino Brewing Co. Shiner Oktoberfest Spoetzl Brewery Festbier Victory Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Brilliant
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	A decoction mash is commonly used
Color	Pale to Reddish Brown
<b>Country of Origin</b>	Germany

#### **Food Pairings**

Cheese Jalapeno Jack Entrée Kielbasa Dessert Coconut Flan

Glass Fl

ute Hop Aroma/Flavor Hop aroma and flavor are very low to low. Hop bitterness is medium low to medium Common Hop Ingredients German Noble Malt Aroma/Flavor Toast Common Malt Ingredients Pilsner, Vienna, Munich Palate Body Soft Palate Carbonation Medium Palate Length/Finish Short to Medium Serving Temperature 45-50°F Water Type Varies

#### Yeast

Type Lager Phenols Not common to style Esters Not common to style

# German-Style Schwarzbier

#### **Style Family: Dark Lagers**

Sometimes called black lagers, they may remind some of German-style dunkels, but schwarzbiers are drier, darker and more roastoriented.These very dark brown to black beers have a surprisingly pale-colored foam head (not excessively brown) with good cling quality. They have a mild roasted malt character without the associated bitterness. Malt flavor and aroma is at low to medium levels of sweetness.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.044 - 1.052

 FG
 1.010 - 1.016

 ABV
 3.8% - 4.9%

 IBU
 22 - 30

 BU:GU
 0.50 - 0.58

 SRM
 25 - 30

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 69 - 77

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Once You Go Schwarz	Figueroa Mountain Brewing
Black Bavarian	Sprecher Brewing Co.
Sam Adams Black Lager	Boston Beer

#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Not Detectable to Mild
Carbonation (Visual)	Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear
Color	Very Dark Brown to Black
<b>Country of Origin</b>	Germany

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseMunster-Style CheeseEntréeMushroom StrudelDessertFruit Tart

Glass	Flute
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are very low to low, deriving from noble-type hops. Hop
	bitterness is low to medium
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	German Noble
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Reminiscent of bitter chocolate or coffee. Malt sweetness is low to medium, and
	incorporates mild roasted malt character without the associated bitterness
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, Munich, Crystal, Chocolate Malt, Black Roasted Barley, Carafa Special
	II
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Medium
Serving Temperature	45-50°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast Type Lager Phenols Not common to style Esters Not common to style

# Vienna-Style Lager

#### **Style Family: Dark Lagers**

Vienna Lager ranges from copper to reddish brown in color. The beer is characterized by malty aroma and slight malt sweetness. The malt aroma and flavor should have a notable degree of toasted and/or slightly roasted malt character. Hop bitterness is low to medium-low.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.046 - 1.056
FG	1.012 - 1.018
ABV	4.8% - 5.4%
IBU	22 - 28
BU:GU	0.48 - 0.50
SRM	12 - 26
CO2 Volumes	2 - 2.5
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	68 - 74

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Eliot NessGreat Lakes Brewing Co.ViennaSierra Nevada Brewing Co.Vienna LagerChuckanut Brewery

#### Style A-Z

AlcoholMildCarbonation (Visual)Medium Rising BubblesClarityBrilliant to ClearColorCopper to Reddish BrownCountry of OriginGermany

Food Pairings

CheeseMild CheesesEntréeGrilled Meats and VegetablesDessertAlmond Biscotti

#### Glass Flute

Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma, flavor and bitterness are very low to low
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	German Noble
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Aroma should have a notable degree of toasted and/or slightly roasted malt
	character. Malt flavor is slightly sweet
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Vienna
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium
Serving Temperature	45-50°F
Water Type	Hard carbonate water

#### Yeast

TypeLagerPhenolsNot common to styleEstersNot common to style



# American Brown Ale

#### **Style Family: Brown Ales**

Roasted malt, caramel-like and chocolate-like characters should be of medium intensity in both flavor and aroma for the American brown ale. American-style brown ales have evident low to medium hop flavor and aroma and medium to high hop bitterness. The history of this style dates back to U.S. homebrewers who were inspired by English-style brown ales and porters. It sits in flavor between those British styles and is more bitter than both.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.040 - 1.060

 FG
 1.010 - 1.018

 ABV
 4.2% - 6.3%

 IBU
 25 - 45

 BU:GU
 0.62 - 0.75

 SRM
 15 - 26

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 70 - 75

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Brooklyn Brown AleBrooklyn BrewerySettle Down BrownOdell Brewing Co.Face Down BrownTelluride Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild to Noticeable
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	May be dry-hopped
Color	Deep Copper to Very Dark Brown
<b>Country of Origin</b>	United States

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseAged GoudaEntréeGrilled Meats and VegetablesDessertPear Fritters

Glass	Nonic Pint
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are low to medium. Hop bitterness is medium to high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	U.S., U.K., Noble
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Caramel, Chocolate, Toast
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pale, Crystal, Chocolate, Victory
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Medium
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

**Finish** Medium **ature** 50-55°F **Type** Varies Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersFruity-ester flavors, if present, should be subdued

# English-Style Brown Ale

## **Style Family: Brown Ales**

A bona fide English beer classic, English-style brown ale is easily one of the most iconic beer styles. Toasty, robust and with a bit of chocolate maltiness, the English brown ale is a meal in a glass, but offers unlimited opportunities for memorable food pairings. Neither flashy nor boring, the English brown is a beer with enough variation to keep devotees ordering them time and time again.

# English-Style Brown Ale

English-style brown ales have two variations: a dry, roasted version that is said to have originated from northern England, and a sweeter, less attenuated brown ale variety that is believed to have gained favor in the southern portion of England. Both offer a toasted nut, chocolatey character indicative of brown ales. The English brown ale varieties will not be as hoppy or bitter as their American counterparts and favor English hops as well as characterful English ale yeast. Either style can be excellent with a variety of foods, particularly braised meats, but they are perfectly fine to be enjoyed on their own. The alcohol content of this beer is characteristically moderate and does not typically exceed 5.5 percent ABV.

# Refining English Brown Ale Beer

It's safe to say that beer will never go out of style, but with all of the different forms of beer on the craft beer scene, it can be easy for brown ales to get pushed to the side. English-style brown ale is often one of those beers that people look past — but you should take the opportunity to try this traditional style when you're at a craft brewery. With relatively low bitterness and two distinct varieties that best complement different pairings, it's one of the most versatile English beers ever created. Whether you prefer sweeter or more hop-forward ales, there is an English brown ale that's right for you.

If you are in the mood to try one of these classic English brown ale beers, our "Find a Brewery" map can help you do precisely that. By entering your location, any particular state, or the name of a specific brewery, we can point you in the direction of the nearest brewery where you can find your next favorite beer, which could be a variation of an English-style brown ale.

If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about English-style brown ale, or any other style of beer, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.040 - 1.050

 FG
 1.008 - 1.014

 ABV
 4.2% - 6.0%

 IBU
 15 - 25

 BU:GU
 0.38 - 0.50

 SRM
 12 - 17

 CO2 Volumes
 1 - 1.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 72 - 80

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Bandit BrownCity Star BrewingNautical Nut BrownAleSmith Brewing Co.Boulder Garden BrownOrlison Brewing Co.

#### Style A-Z

AlcoholNot Detectable to MildCarbonation (Visual)Slow to Medium Rising BubblesClarityClearColorCopper to Very DarkCountry of OriginUnited Kingdom

#### Food Pairings

CheeseAged GoudaEntréeRoasted Pork, Steak, Nuts



Dessert	Pear Fritters
Glass	Nonic Pint
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor is very low. Hop bitterness is very low to low
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Kent Goldings
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Balance ranges from dry to sweet maltiness. Roast malt tones of toffee, nuts and
	caramel sometimes contribute to the flavor profile
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pale Ale, Special Roast, Victory, Crystal, Pale Chocolate
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	Low to Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Moderate carbonate water

## Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersFruit (varies)Fermentation ByproductsDiacetyl should be very low, if evident

# English-Style Mild

#### **Style Family: Brown Ales**

Malt and caramel are part of the flavor and aroma profile of the English-style mild while licorice and roast malt tones may sometimes contribute as well. Hop bitterness is very low to low. U.S. brewers are known to make lighter-colored versions as well as the more common "dark mild." These beers are very low in alcohol, yet often are still medium-bodied due to increased dextrin malts.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.030 - 1.036

 FG
 1.004 - 1.008

 ABV
 3.4% - 4.4%

 IBU
 10 - 24

 BU:GU
 0.33 - 0.67

 SRM
 17 - 34

 CO2 Volumes
 1 - 1.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 78 - 87

#### U.S. Commercial Examples

SS Minnow MildDry Dock Brewing Co.BristleconeUinta Brewing Co.Hold the ReinsBrink Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

AlcoholNot DetectableCarbonation (Visua)Slow to Medium Rising BubblesClarityClear to Slight HazeColorReddish Brown to Very DarkCountry of OriginUnited Kingdom

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseMild CheddarEntréeMushrooms and Wild GameDessertDark Fruit Tart

Nonic Pint
Hop flavor is low to very low
Kent Goldings
Caramel, Chocolate, Coffee, Licorice, Raisin, Molasses. Malt flavors dominate
the flavor profile
British Pale Ale, Crystal, Pale Chocolate, Black Patent
Sugar (occasionally)
Soft to Mouth-Coating
Low to Medium
Short to Medium
50-55°F
Varies

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersFruity-ester flavors, if present, are very low to medium-lowFermentation ByproductsDiactyl at low levels is common

# American IPA

## **Style Family: India Pale Ales**

Characterized by floral, fruity, citrus-like, piney or resinous American-variety hop character, the IPA beer style is all about hop flavor, aroma and bitterness. This has been the most-entered category at the Great American Beer Festival for more than a decade, and is the top-selling craft beer style in supermarkets and liquor stores across the U.S.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.060 - 1.075

 FG
 1.012 - 1.018

 ABV
 6.3% - 7.6%

 IBU
 50 - 70

 BU:GU
 0.83 - 0.93

 SRM
 6 - 14

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 76 - 80

#### U.S. Commercial Examples

Stone IPAStone Brewing Co.Two Hearted AleBell's BreweryBodhizafa IPAGeorgetown Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild to Noticeable
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear to Slight Haze
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Dry-hopping is common
Color	Gold to Copper, Red/Brown
Country of Origin	United States

#### **Food Pairings**

CheesesBlue CheesesEntréeSpicy Tuna RollDessertPersimmon Rice Pudding

Glass Tulip Hop Aroma/Flavor Hop a

Hop Aroma/FlavorHop aroma is high and hop flavor is strong both with floral qualities and citrus-<br/>like, piney, resinous or sulfur-like American-variety hop character. Hop<br/>bitterness is medium-high to very highCommon Hop IngredientsCentennial, Simcoe, AmarilloMalt Aroma/FlavorBiscuit, Bready, CaramelCommon Malt IngredientsAmerican Two-RowPalate BodySoft to StickyPalate Length/FinishMedium to LongServing Temperature50-55°FWater TypeHigh mineral content

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersCitrus, Tropical Fruit, Pine

# **English-Style IPA**

## **Style Family: India Pale Ales**

Strong, bitter and completely misunderstood, the English India pale ale (or English IPA) bridges the gap between past and present. No other style represents modern craft brewing excitement quite like the IPA, and while this English beer differs widely from the American version it inspires, this strong member of the English pale ale family has plenty of its own to offer - including all of the history behind this variety.

# **English India Pale Ale**

Steeped in lore (and extra hops), the English-style IPA is a stronger version of a pale ale. The English-style pale ale is characterized by a hearty helping of English hop character (earthy, floral) and increased alcohol content. English yeast lend a fruity character to the flavor and aroma, offering a contrast to the earthy English hop additions. Different from its American counterpart, this style strikes a balance between malt and hops for a more rounded flavor.

There is also a lot of mythology surrounding the creation of this style, which is still debated today. It is most commonly believed that English style pale ale was birthed from the need for a beer that could survive the journey to and from India, a land too warm for beer brewing without the aid of modern technology. The increased alcohol and hop contents would act as preservatives, giving IPAs the qualities that they are known for to this day. In actuality, the beer style that would become popularly known as an India pale ale bears little in common with the contemporary iteration you enjoy today. Additionally, beers similar to what made the trip to India had been in production for domestic consumption prior to any reports of it being exported and records show that other beer styles, including porter, made their way to the English colony of India and were enjoyed by parched soldiers and colonists.

English pale ale beers, like the IPA, always offer great beer pairing opportunities. Strong English cheeses as well as grilled or braised meats, like pork, can make very tasty flavor experiences when paired with an English IPA. The higher alcohol, hops and carbonation all work to cut through fat and cleanse the palate, helping every bite be as tasty as the first.

# Locating the Next India Pale Ale

As popular as English beers, particularly IPAs, have become among beer lovers, we want to do our part to keep craft beers fans in the loop when it comes to these English beer styles. Our "Find a Brewery" map is designed to do precisely that. It can be overwhelming to sift through all of the English beers on the craft scene, and we want to make it easy for you to find your first or your favorite English pale ale beer. Search by location, or search by state, and our map will point you in the direction of the nearest brewery where you can find your next favorite beer, which could include the English-style India pale ale beer.

Finding your first ever or next favorite English-style India pale ale doesn't have to stop here. If you enjoy the website and are interested to learn more about English-style India pale ale beer, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.

## Quantitative Style Statistics

OG 1.050 - 1.064 FG 1.012 - 1.018 ABV 5.1% - 7.1% **IBU** 35-63 BU:GU 0.70 - 0.98 **SRM** 6-14 **CO2 Volumes** 2 - 2.5 Apparent Attenuation 72 - 76

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Sam Adams Lattitude 48 Hallertau Mittelfrueh East India IPA Brooklyn Brewery

Punjabi CooperSmith's Pub & Brewing Boston Beer Co.



#### Style A-Z

**Alcohol** Not Detectable to Noticeable Carbonation (Visual) Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles ClarityClear to Slight HazeColorGold to CopperCountry of OriginUnited Kingdom

Food Pairings Cheese Aged Cheddar Entrée Fettuccine Alfredo Dessert Ginger Spice Cake

Glass	Nonic Pint
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma is medium to high, often flowery. Hop flavor and bitterness are
	medium to high. Earthy and herbal English-variety hop character is perceived,
	but may be a result of the skillful use of hops of other national origins
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Bready, Biscuit, Toast, Caramel, Toffee
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	British Pale Ale, Crystal, Biscuit
Palate Body	Moderate
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium
Serving Temperature	45-50°F
Water Type	High mineral content. May include subtle sulfur content

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersFruity ester aromas are moderate to very strongFermentation ByproductsDiacetyl can be absent or may be perceived at very low levels

# Imperial India Pale Ale

## **Style Family: India Pale Ales**

American craft beer lovers are huge fans of the IPA. The quest for more of the India pale ale flavor has led them to the imperial India pale ale, a stronger version of the American IPA, which boasts even more hoppy flavor, aroma and bitterness. Imperial India pale ale is darker in color than the American IPA, substantially more bitter, and high in alcohol by volume. This all-American take on the IPA leaves craft beer fans with plenty of new creations to try.

# Imperial India Pale Ale Basics

The imperial India pale ale features high hop bitterness, flavor and aroma. Hop character is fresh and evident from the utilization of any variety of hops. Alcohol content is medium-high to high and notably evident with a medium-high to full body. This style intends to exhibit the fresh, evident character of hops.

# America's Spin on IPAs

Craft beer has grown because of the curiosity that American craft brewers have exhibited through their tweaking of classic beer recipes. The love for the American IPA flavor that craft beer consumers have shown has led American craft brewers to the imperial IPA. The imperial IPA beer style creeps towards some of the strongest of ales in alcohol content, but the increase in hops from the original IPA beer recipe gives it a more bitter taste and doesn't bring the same malt taste that barley wine does. For fans of the original India pale ale flavor, the imperial IPA is the perfect craft beer for you to explore.

# Finding Craft Breweries that Serve IPA Beers

It can be challenging to keep up with all the breweries that serve their own variations of the India pale ale. To help you keep up with all of the breweries and brewpubs that make up the craft beer scene, we have created an interactive "Find a Brewery" map to help you do precisely that. By entering your precise location, searching by state, or searching for a specific brewery, you'll be able to discover craft breweries near you, and many are likely to brew variations of India pale ales.

Finding your next favorite imperial IPA beer doesn't have to stop here. If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about imperial India pale ales, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox. We can't send you beer, but we can send you our newsletter which is almost as good.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.075 - 1.100
FG	1.012 - 1.020
ABV	7.6% - 10.6%
IBU	65 - 100
BU:GU	0.87 - 1.00
SRM	5 - 16
CO2 Volumes	2 - 2.5
Apparent Attenuation	80 - 84

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Hop JuJuFat Heads Brewery2x4Melvin Brewing Co.FuriousSurly Brewing Co.



AlcoholNoticeableCarbonation (Visual)Medium to Fast Rising BubblesClarityClear to HazyBrewing/Conditioning ProcessDry-hopping is commonColorGold to Light BrownCountry of OriginUnited States



Food PairingsCheeseRich CheesesEntréeBone-In Pork Chops, Miso SalmonDessertCarrot Cake

Glass	Tulip
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop flavor and aroma are very high, should be fresh and lively and should not
	be harsh in quality, deriving from any variety of hops. Hop bitterness is very
	high but not harsh
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Malt character is medium to high
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	American Two-Row, Crystal, Malted Wheat
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Long
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

Yeast Type Ale Phenols Not common to style. Esters Fruity ester aroma and flavor are high.

# New England IPA

## **Style Family: India Pale Ales**

Emphasizing hop aroma and flavor without bracing bitterness, the New England IPA leans heavily on late and dry hopping techniques to deliver a bursting juicy, tropical hop experience. The skillful balance of technique and ingredient selection, often including the addition of wheat or oats, lends an alluring haze to this popular take on the American IPA.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.060 - 1.070

 FG
 1.008 - 1.016

 ABV
 6.3%-7.5%

 IBU
 50 - 70

 BU:GU

 SRM
 4-7

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 73 - 89

#### U.S. Commercial Examples

Juicy BitsWeldworks Brewing Co.Juice BoxGreat Notion BrewingDouble MoonageCellarmaker Brewing

#### Style A-Z

 Alcohol
 Noticeable

 Carbonation (Visual)
 Hazy

 Brewing/Conditioning Process
 Late hopping and Dry Hopping is common, along with the use of wheat and oats.

 Color
 United States

Food Pairings Cheese Goat Blue Entrée Hawaiian Pork Tenderloin

**Dessert** Macha Creme Brulee

Glass	Nonic Pint
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Medium-high to very high hop aroma and flavor are present, with attributes
	typical of hops from any origin. Descriptors such as "juicy" are often used to
	describe the taste and aroma hop-derived attributes present in these beers.
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Citra, Mosaic, Velma
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Neutral, grainy, biscuit
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	A variety of English and American base malts can be used
<b>Other ingredients</b>	Oats or Wheat
Palate Body	Soft to Mouth-coating
<b>Palate Carbonation</b>	Low
Palate Length/Finish	Medium
Serving Temperature	45-55°F
Water Type	Chloride additions possible

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersPeach



# American-Style Wheat Wine Ale

#### **Style Family: Wheat Beers**

Part of the "strong ale" category, the American-Style Wheat Wine Ale is not derived from grapes as its name might suggest. Made with at least 50 percent wheat malt, this full-bodied beer features bready and candy flavors, and finishes with a great deal of malty sweetness. These beers may be oak-aged and sometimes have small amounts of darker malts added.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.088 - 1.120

 FG
 1.024 - 1.032

 ABV
 8.5% - 12.2%

 IBU
 45 - 85

 BU:GU
 0.51 - 0.71

 SRM
 5 - 15

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 73 - 73

#### U.S. Commercial Examples

Wheat WineSmuttynose Brewing Co.Winter Wheat WineRubicon Brewing Co.Wheat WineThe Portsmouth Brewery



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Noticeable to Harsh
Carbonation (Visual)	Slow to Medium Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Slight Haze
Color	Gold to Light Brown
<b>Country of Origin</b>	United States

#### Food Pairings

CheeseAsiagoEntréeSmoked TroutDessertPeach Sorbet

#### Glass Snifter

Hop Aroma/FlavorHop aroma and flavor are low to medium. Hop bitterness is medium to<br/>medium-highCommon Hop IngredientsVariesMalt Aroma/FlavorBready, wheat, honey-like and/or caramel malt aromas are often presentCommon Malt IngredientsAt least 50 percent Malted WheatPalate BodyMouth-CoatingPalate CarbonationLow to MediumPalate Length/FinishMediumServing Temperature50-55°FWater TypeVaries

#### Yeast

 Type
 Ale

 Phenols
 Not common to style

 Esters
 Fruity-ester aroma is often high and counterbalanced with complex alcohol character

 Source: CraftBeer.com

# American Wheat

#### **Style Family: Wheat Beers**

American wheat beers are some of the most approachable beers in the craft beer world, and the versatility of wheat beer allows it to be combined with a variety of ingredients or enjoyed on its own alongside a wide variety of food options. The sizable portion of wheat malt used to brew wheat beer lends a lighter, distinctive experience compared to beers brewed with barley exclusively.

# American Wheat Beer

Typically lighter in appearance, wheat beer can be made using either ale or lager yeast, and American wheat beer can be brewed with at least 30 percent malted wheat. Like the traditional German hefeweizen, these beers are typically served unfiltered and can have a cloudy appearance when roused. Traditionally hoppier than its German cousin, American wheat beer differs in that it does not offer flavors of banana or clove, which is indicative of the weizen yeast strain. Nevertheless, the American wheat beer is known worldwide as a refreshing summer style.

# The Origin of Wheat Beer in America

Malted wheat imparts a distinctively light, flour-like character that differs from all-barley malt beer varieties. American craft brewers were likely inspired by the fruit and spice forward, unfiltered wheat beers of Bavaria. But without access to the specialty Bavarian weizen yeast so critical to the hefeweizen, brewers were forced to use clean fermenting American ale and lager yeast. The American wheat's composition gives it a particularly inviting style, accepting of additional ingredients, particularly raspberries, watermelon and even chilis.

# Locating Your New Favorite American Wheat Beer

The versatility of wheat beer is a large part as to why it is such a popular craft beer option across the country year-round. Its light character makes it a smooth American beer to pair with lighter foods like salads, shellfish and fresh cheeses. American beer brewers have successfully mastered their own version of the wheat beer, and we want to do our part to help you find your new favorite. Our "Find a Brewery" map is designed to help you find a place near you to try your first, or next, American wheat beer.

Finding your new favorite wheat beer doesn't have to stop here. If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about American beer, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.036 - 1.056

 FG
 1.004 - 1.018

 ABV
 3.5% - 5.6%

 IBU
 10 - 35

 BU:GU
 0.28 - 0.62

 SRM
 2 - 10

 CO2 Volumes
 2.5 approximately

 Apparent Attenuation
 68 - 89

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Whacked Out WheatTelluride Brewing Co.OberonBell's Brewery Inc.TumblewheatAltitude Chophouse and Brewery

#### Style A-Z

AlcoholNot Detectable to MildCarbonation (Visual)Medium to Fast Rising BubblesClarityBrilliant to Slight HazeBrewing/Conditioning ProcessBrewed with wheat maltColorStraw to Light AmberCountry of OriginUnited States



Food Pairings Cheese Chèvre Entrée Salads, Seafood Dessert Fruit Desserts

#### Glass Flute

Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma, flavor and bitterness are low to medium
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Willamette, Centennial
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Grainy Wheat
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Malted Wheat, American Two-Row
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Varies
Serving Temperature	40-45°F
Water Type	Varies

Yeast

TypeLager or AlePhenolsCan be presentEstersCan be presentFermentation ByproductsVery low levels of diacetyl may be acceptable

# Belgian-Style Witbier

#### **Style Family: Wheat Beers**

Belgian-style withier is brewed using unmalted wheat, sometimes oats and malted barley. Withiers are spiced with coriander and orange peel. A style that dates back hundreds of years, it fell into relative obscurity until it was revived by Belgian brewer Pierre Celis in the 1960s. This style is currently enjoying a renaissance, especially in the American market. "Wit" means "white."

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.044 - 1.050
FG	1.006 - 1.010
ABV	4.8% - 5.6%
IBU	10 - 17
BU:GU	0.23 - 0.34
SRM	2 - 4
CO <sub>2</sub> Volumes	2 - 2.5
Apparent Attenuation	80 - 86

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Optimal WitPort City Brewing Co.Ommegang Witte AleBrewery OmmegangWhiteAllagash Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

Not Detectable to Mild
Fast Rising Bubbles
Hazy
Often bottle-conditioned
Straw to Pale
Belgium

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseMascarponeEntréeMoules and FritesDessertPanna Cotta

Tulip
Hop flavor and aroma are not perceived to low. Hop bitterness is low, achieved
traditionally by the use of noble-type hops
German Noble
Malt aroma and flavor are very low to low
Pilsner, Flaked Wheat, Unmalted Wheat, and occasionally oats and malted
barley
Orange Peel, Coriander Seed
Drying
High
Medium
40-45°F
Varies

# Yeast Type Ale Phenols Spicy, Pepper Esters Orange, Citrus Fermentation Byproducts Unfiltered starch and yeast haze should be part of the appearance. Wits are traditionally bottle-conditioned and served cloudy Source: CraftBeer.com

# Berliner-Style Weisse

## **Style Family: Wheat Beers**

Low in alcohol, refreshingly tart, and often served with a flavored syrup like Woodruff or raspberry, the Berliner-style Weisse presents a harmony between yeast and lactic acid. These beers are very pale in color, and may be cloudy as they are often unfiltered. Hops are not a feature of this style, but these beers often do showcase esters. Traditional versions often showcase Brettanomyces yeast. Growing in popularity in the U.S., where many brewers are now adding traditional and exotic fruits to the recipe, resulting in flavorful finishes with striking, colorful hues. These beers are incredible when pairing. Bitterness, alcohol and residual sugar are very low, allowing the beer's acidity, white bread and graham cracker malt flavors to shine. Carbonation is very high, adding to the refreshment factor this style delivers. Many examples of this style contain no hops and thus no bitterness at all.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.028 - 1.032

 FG
 1.004 - 1.006

 ABV
 2.8% - 3.4%

 IBU
 3 - 6

 BU:GU
 0.11 - 0.19

 SRM
 2 - 4

 CO2 Volumes
 3.5 - 4

 Apparent Attenuation
 81 - 86

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Berliner Weisse Nodding Head Brewery & Restaurant Athena Creature Comforts Brewing Co. Hottenroth Berliner Weisse The Bruery

## Style A-Z

AlcoholNot Detectable to MildCarbonation (Visual)Slow to Medium Rising BubblesClarityClear to HazyBrewing/Conditioning ProcessHops often not boiled and instead added to a decoction mash. Acidity may be<br/>introduced from a sour mash, lactic acid additions or acidulated maltColorStraw to PaleCountry of OriginGermany

Food Pairings

CheeseHavartiEntréeAged Ham on Pretzel BreadDessertCheesecake with Raspberries

	Goblet Hop aroma and flavor are not perceived. Hop bitterness is not perceived to very low
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	German Noble
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Not Perceived
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, Malted Wheat
Palate Body	Drying
Palate Carbonation	Low to Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium
Serving Temperature	45-50°F
Water Type	Varies

Yeast Type Lager or Ale Phenols Not common to style

# German-Style Dunkelweizen

## **Style Family: Wheat Beers**

The German-style Dunkelweizen can be considered a cross between a German-style dunkel and a hefeweizen. Distinguished by its sweet maltiness and chocolate-like character, it can also have banana and clove (and occasionally vanilla or bubblegum) esters from weizen ale yeast.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.048 - 1.056
	1.008 - 1.016
ABV	4.8% - 5.4%
IBU	10 - 15
BU:GU	0.21 - 0.27
SRM	10 - 25
CO2 Volumes	2.5 - 3
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	71 - 83

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Samuel Adams Dunkelweizen	Boston Beer Co.
Shiner Dunkelweizen	Spoetzl Brewery
Dunkle Weisse	Sierra Nevada / Ayinger



## Style A-Z

Alcohol	Not Detectable to Mild
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Slow to Medium Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Slight Haze to Hazy
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	A decoction mash is commonly used
Color	Copper-Brown to Very Dark
Country of Origin	Germany

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseGoudaEntréeRoasted ChickenDessertBanana Cream Pie

Glass	Vase	
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are not perceived. Hop bitterness is low	
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	German Noble	
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Bready or grainy, with a distinct sweet maltiness and a chocolate-like character	
	from roasted malt	
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	At least 50 percent Malted Wheat, plus Munich, Special "B", Crystal, Carafa	
	Special II	
Palate Body	Moderate to Mouth-Coating	
Palate Carbonation	Low to Medium	
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium	
Serving Temperature	45-50°F	
Water Type	Varies	

#### Yeast

Туре	Weizen Ale
Phenols	The phenolic flavors of Dunkel Weissbier should be evident but subdued
Esters	The ester flavors of Dunkel Weissbier should be evident but subdued

# German-Style Hefeweizen

## **Style Family: Wheat Beers**

Arguably one of the most recognizable beer styles, the German-style hefeweizen offers a striking beer experience thanks to the use of distinctive wheat malt, unique yeast and uncharateristic appearance. This wheat beer breaks from the German beer mold, showcasing yeast-driven fruit and spice as well as bearing an eye-catching mystique. Don't let the cloudy hefeweizen deter you, this beer is one of the world's most enjoyable styles for beer geeks and neophytes, alike. The refreshing qualities of this highly-carbonated style have kept it alive for centuries. Try one for yourself and experience why that is, firsthand.

## German-Style Hefeweizen

The German-style hefeweizen is straw to amber in color and brewed with at least 50 percent malted wheat. The aroma and flavor of a weissbier comes largely from the yeast and is decidedly fruity (banana) and phenolic (clove). The intensity of these wildly differing flavor qualities varies depending on the brewer, but the two are most commonly balanced. Hefeweizen typically contains a low to moderate alcohol content and is considered to be the most popular amongst the German weissbier variety.

## Hefeweizen Beer

In German, "hefe" refers to the yeast which remains in suspension giving the German beer its cloudy appearance, and "weizen" denotes the use of wheat. This wheat beer is at its best when poured into a weizen vase, a large curvaceous glass which showcases the beer's beautiful glow and corrals its large, persistent foam cap given the style's characteristic effervescence. A German weissbier must showcase the weizen yeast's one-two punch of fruit and spice to be recognized as a German hefeweizen. The bright fruitiness of banana alongside the pungency of clove allow this beer to work well with a variety of lighter foods, such as salads, seafood and even a variety of egg dishes.

## Tracking Down German Hefeweizen

German hefeweizen beer, like any other beer, tastes best when freshly poured at a brewery, and we want to help you find the breweries near you that serve the German hefeweizen that you seek. Use our "Find a Brewery" feature to locate breweries based on your location or search for a specific brewery by name. You can even search by state to find a small and independent brewer near you in order to track down your next favorite beer, which could be a German hefeweizen beer.

Finding your next favorite German hefeweizen doesn't have to stop here. If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about German beer, or any other kind of beer for that matter, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

```
      OG
      1.047 - 1.056

      FG
      1.008 - 1.016

      ABV
      4.9% - 5.6%

      IBU
      10 - 15

      BU:GU
      0.21 - 0.27

      SRM
      3 - 9

      CO2 Volumes
      2.5 - 3

      Apparent Attenuation
      71 - 83
```

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

DreamWeaver Wheat Troegs Brewing Co. Big Horn Hefeweizen CB and Potts Restaurant & Brewery

Ebel's Weiss Two Brothers Brewing Co.



## Style A-Z

Alcohol Mild Carbonation (Visual) Fast Rising Bubbles ClarityHazyBrewing/Conditioning ProcessA decoction mash is sometimes usedColorStraw to AmberCountry of OriginGermany

Food Pairings

CheeseChèvreEntréeSeafoodDessertKey Lime Pie

Glass Vase

Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop flavor is not perceived to very low. Hop bitterness is very low
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	German Noble
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Malt sweetness is very low to medium-low
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, Malted Wheat
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	High
Palate Length/Finish	Short
Serving Temperature	40-45°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeWeizen AlePhenolsCloveEstersBanana

## American Barley Wine

## **Style Family: Strong Ales**

American barley wine ranges from amber to deep red/copper-garnet in color. A caramel and/or toffee aroma and flavor are often part of the malt character along with high residual malty sweetness. Complexity of alcohols is evident. Fruity-ester character is often high. As with many American versions of a style, this barley wine ale is typically more hop-forward and bitter than its U.K. counterpart. Low levels of age-induced oxidation can harmonize with other flavors and enhance the overall experience. Sometimes sold as vintage releases.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.090 - 1.120
FG	1.024 - 1.028
ABV	8.5% - 12.2%
IBU	60 - 100
BU:GU	0.67 - 0.83
SRM	11 - 18
CO <sub>2</sub> Volumes	2 - 2.5
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	73 - 77

### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Bigfoot Sierra Nevada Brewing Co. Old Numbskull AleSmith Brewing Co. Toad Choker Barley Wine Nine Band Brewing Co.



Brewing/Conditioning Process Dry-hopping and aging are common Country of Origin United States

Alcohol Noticeable to Hot Carbonation (Visual) Slow to Medium Rising Bubbles Clarity Clear to Brilliant Color Amber to Deep Red or Copper-Garnet

> **Food Pairings** Cheese Strong Blue Cheeses Entrée Beef Cheek **Dessert** Rich Desserts

	Snifter Hop aroma and flavor are medium to very high. Hop bitterness is high. American-type hops are often used, but not necessary for this style
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Magnum, Chinook, Centennial, Amarillo
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Caramel, Toffee, Bready, Sweet
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pale, Crystal, Pale Chocolate, Special "B"
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating to Sticky
Palate Carbonation	Low to Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Medium to Long
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

Type Ale Phenols Not common to style Esters Fruity-ester flavors are often high Fermentation Byproducts Very low levels of diacetyl may be acceptable



# American Imperial Red Ale

## **Style Family: Strong Ales**

The use of American hops in the American imperial red ale lends to the perception of medium hop bitterness, flavor and aroma. Coupled with a solid malt profile, this should be a beer with balance between hop bitterness and malt sweetness. Some breweries will choose to bottle-condition this style, leading to possible fruity esters and some haze in their appearance. This is another example of modern American brewers taking an established style and boosting the flavor. California brewers are credited with creating this innovative style.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.080 - 1.100

 FG
 1.020 - 1.028

 ABV
 8%-10.6%

 IBU
 55 - 85

 BU:GU
 0.69 - 0.85

 SRM
 10 - 17

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 72 - 75

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

The Red Glove	Boxing Bear Brewing Co.
Shark Attack Double Red Ale	Port Brewing Co.
Paradocs Red Imperial IPA	Ninkasi Brewing

## Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild to Noticeable
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Slight Haze to Clear. Unfiltered versions: Hazy to Very Cloudy
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Dry-hopping is common
Color	Deep Amber to Dark Copper or Reddish Brown
<b>Country of Origin</b>	United States

Food Pairings

CheeseMozzarellaEntréeCorned Beef HashDessertToffee Pudding

Glass	Tulip
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma, flavor and bitterness are high but balanced, arising from any variety
	of hops
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Medium to high caramel malt character is present
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Varies
Other ingredients	Varies
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Medium to Long
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersMedium.



# British-Style Barley Wine Ale

## **Style Family: Strong Ales**

The name "British-style barley wine" represents a group of strong ales that rival the strength and complexity of some of the world's most celebrated beverages. This brawny, malt-forward beer style is often one of the strongest beer styles on any given beer menu, and showcases a complex melange of toffee and fruit flavors counterbalanced by warming alcohol and sturdy hop bitterness. The barley wine beer style is a sipper, enjoyed responsibly, stylishly — preferably in front of a fire in a comfy chair amongst a plethora of leather-bound books.

## British-Style Barley Wine Ale

Barley wine beer is a strong ale that leans heavily on malt characteristics for flavor. With a wide color range and characteristically high in alcohol content, this is a style that is often aged, as it evolves well over time. As barley wine beers advance in age, they develop oxidative characteristics, including honey and toffee flavors as well as aromas, darker colors, lessened bitterness and more.

## **Deconstructing Barley Wine**

The origin of the barley wine name brings confusion and its exact origin remains unclear. Strong, wine-strength beers have been around before the name barley wine was first used, but it is often said that barley wine does refer to a wine-strengthened beer. In history, few things are that simple, but regardless of origin, barley wine remains a strong ale with complex malts flavors and sturdy hop bitterness. While no grapes are harmed in the making of this ale, barley wines share wine's compatibility with food, favoring rich dishes, desserts, the strongest of cheeses and even make for a great after meal digestif.

# Tracking Down Your Next Barley Wine Beer

Many craft breweries, microbreweries and brewpubs in the United States brew barley wines for beer lovers to hunt down, and we want to help you find the places to try them. Our "Find a Brewery" map is designed to help you find a location near you to try your first, or next, barley wine beer, and it might be closer to you than you think.

If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about barley wine, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.085 - 1.120

 FG
 1.024 - 1.028

 ABV
 8.5% - 12.0%

 IBU
 40 - 60

 BU:GU
 0.47 - 0.50

 SRM
 14 - 22

 CO2 Volumes
 1.5 - 2

 Apparent Attenuation
 72 - 77

## U.S. Commercial Examples

Blithering IdiotWeyerbacher Brewing Co.Old Stock AleNorth Coast Brewing Co.Barley Wine AleDick's Brewing Co.

## Style A-Z

AlcoholNoticeable to HotCarbonation (Visual)Slow to Medium Rising BubblesClarityBrilliant to Slight HazeBrewing/Conditioning ProcessAging is commonColorTawny Copper to Deep Red or Copper-GarnetCountry of OriginUnited Kingdom



Food Pairings Cheese English Stilton Entrée Moroccan Duck Dessert Dark Chocolate

Glass	Snifter	
Hop Aroma/Flavor	• Hop flavor and aroma are very low to medium. Hop bitterness is low to	
	medium. English-type hops are often used, but not necessary for this style	
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Kent Goldings, Horizon	
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Nutty, Caramel, Biscuit	
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	English Pale, CaraMunich, Crystal	
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating	
Palate Carbonation	Low to Medium	
Palate Length/Finish	Varies	
Serving Temperature	50-55°F	
Water Type	Varies	

 Yeast

 Type
 Ale

 Phenols
 Not common to style

 Esters
 Fruity-ester characters are often high and balanced with the high alcohol content

 Fermentation Byproducts
 Low levels of diacetyl may be acceptable

# English-Style Old Ale

## **Style Family: Strong Ales**

A distinctive quality of these ales is that their yeast undergoes an aging process (often for years) in bulk storage or through bottle conditioning, which contributes to a rich, wine-like and often sweet oxidation character. Old ales are copper-red to very dark in color. Complex estery character may emerge.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.058 - 1.088
FG	1.014 - 1.030
ABV	6.3% - 9.1%
IBU	30 - 65
BU:GU	0.52 - 0.74
SRM	12 - 30
CO2 Volumes	2 approximately
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	66 - 76



Irish WalkerOlde Hickory BrewingHeini's HoochThe Church Brew WorksHeini's Good CheerRoundabout Brewery

## Style A-Z

Alcohol	Noticeable to Hot
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Slow to Medium Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Opaque
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Typically mashed at higher temperatures to reduce attenuation. Wood-aged
	notes such as vanillin are acceptable.
Color	Copper-Red to Very Dark
<b>Country of Origin</b>	United Kingdom

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseDouble GloucesterEntréeRoast Beef and LambDessertSpiced Plum Walnut Tart

Glass Snifter

01400		
Hop Aroma/Flavor	• Hop aroma and flavor are not perceived to medium. Hop bitterness is minimal	
	but evident.	
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Kent Goldings	
Malt Aroma/Flavor	A malty and sometimes caramel-like sweetness may be evident.	
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pale, Chocolate, Black Patent	
Other ingredients	Molasses, Treacle, Invert Sugar, Dark Sugar	
Palate Body	Moderate to Mouth-Coating	
Palate Carbonation	Low to Medium	
Palate Length/Finish	Long	
Serving Temperature	40-45°F	
Water Type	Varies	

Туре	Ale, Brettanomyces possible	
Phenols	Not common to style.	
Esters	Fruit (Varies)	
Microorganisms	Lactobacillus possible. Horsey, goaty, leathery and phenolic character evolved	
	from Brettanomyces organisms and acidity may be present but should be at low	
	levels and balanced with other flavors.	



# Belgian-Style Blonde Ale

## **Style Family: Belgian Styles**

The Belgian-style blonde ale is typically easy-drinking, with a low but pleasing hop bitterness. This is a light- to medium-bodied ale, with a low malt aroma that has a spiced and sometimes fruity-ester character. Sugar is sometimes added to lighten the perceived body. This style is medium in sweetness and not as bitter as Belgian-style tripels or golden strong ales. It is usually brilliantly clear. The overall impression is balance between light sweetness, spice and low to medium fruity ester flavors.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.054 - 1.068

 FG
 1.008 - 1.015

 ABV
 6.3% - 7.9%

 IBU
 15 - 30

 BU:GU
 0.28 - 0.44

 SRM
 4 - 7

 CO2 Volumes
 3 - 4

 Apparent Attenuation
 78 - 85

### U.S. Commercial Examples

Blonde	de Allagash Brewing Co.	
<b>Tiburon Blonde</b>	Marin Brewing Co.	
Solid Gold	Cannonball Creek Brewing Co.	

### Style A-Z

AlcoholMild to NoticeableCarbonation (Visual)Medium to Fast Rising BubblesClarityClear to BrilliantColorPale to Light AmberCountry of OriginBelgium

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseBrieEntréeSweet and Sour ChickenDessertAngel Food Cake

#### Glass Tulip

	1
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop flavor and aroma are not perceived to low. Hop bitterness is very low to low
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Hallertau
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Malt aroma and flavor are low
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, Malted Wheat, Aromatic
Other ingredients	Belgian Candi Sugar (occasionally)
Palate Body	Soft to Moderate
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Short
Serving Temperature	45-50°F
Water Type	Varies

Туре	Ale	
Phenols	Spicy	
Esters	Low to medium fruity-ester aromas may be present and balanced with light	
	malt and spice aromas	Source: CraftBeer.com



# Belgian-Style Dubbel

## Style Family: Belgian Styles

The Belgian-style dubbel ranges from brown to very dark in color. They have a malty sweetness and can have cocoa and caramel aromas and flavors. Hop bitterness is medium-low to medium. Yeast-generated fruity esters (especially banana) can be apparent. Often bottle-conditioned, a slight yeast haze and flavor may be evident. "Dubbel" meaning "double," this beer is still not so big in intensity as to surpass the Belgian-style quadrupel that is often considered its sibling.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.060 - 1.075

 FG
 1.012 - 1.016

 ABV
 6.3% - 7.6%

 IBU
 20 - 35

 BU:GU
 0.33 - 0.40

 SRM
 16 - 36

 CO2 Volumes
 3 - 4

 Apparent Attenuation
 79 - 80



## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

<b>Brother David's Double</b>	Anderson Valley Brewing Co.
Abbey Dubbel	Elm City Brewing Co.
Double	Allagash Brewing Co.

### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild to Noticeable	
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles	
Clarity	Clear to Slight Haze	
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	s Sometimes extended boiling time results in kettle caramelization. Usually bottle	
	conditioned	
Color	Brown to Very Dark	
<b>Country of Origin</b>	Belgium	

Food Pairings Cheese Washed-Rind Cheeses Entrée Apple-Smoked Sausage Dessert Milk Chocolate

Glass Hop Aroma/Flavor	Tulip Hop aroma and flavor are not perceived to low. Hop bitterness is medium-low to medium
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Tettnang
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Chocolate, Caramel, Toast
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, CaraMunich, Special "B"
Other ingredients	Belgian Candi Sugar, Other Sugars
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Medium
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsSpicy, Pepper, Rose-like, PerfumyEstersFruit (Banana)Fermentation ByproductsSlight yeast haze is often evident when bottle-conditioned

# Belgian-Style Golden Strong Ale

## **Style Family: Belgian Styles**

The Belgian-style golden strong ale is fruity, complex and often on the higher end of the ABV spectrum, yet are approachable to many different palates. Look for a characteristic spiciness from Belgian yeast and a highly attenuated dry finish. This style is traditionally drier and lighter in color than a Belgian-style tripel.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.064 - 1.096
FG	1.008 - 1.024
ABV	7.1% - 11.2%
IBU	20 - 50
BU:GU	0.31 - 0.52
SRM	3.5 - 10
CO2 Volumes	4 approximately
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	75 - 88

## U.S. Commercial Examples

PranqsterNorth Coast Brewing Co.Brooklyn Local 1Brooklyn BreweryTreachery12Degree Brewing



### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Bottle-conditioned
Color	Pale to Copper
Country of Origin	Belgium

#### Food Pairings

CheeseTriple CremeEntréeBeer Battered Fried ShrimpDessertBaklava

Glass	Tulip
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are medium-low to medium-high. Hop bitterness is
	medium-low to medium-high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Czech Saaz
Malt Aroma/Flavor	These beers can be malty in overall impression, or dry and highly attenuated
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner
Other ingredients	Cane Sugar. Herbs and spices are sometimes used to delicately flavor these
	strong ales
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium
Serving Temperature	40-45°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsSpicy, PepperEstersFruit (Pear, Orange, Apple)Fermentation ByproductsDiacetyl should be very low, if evident

## Belgian-Style Pale Ale

## **Style Family: Belgian Styles**

The Belgian-style pale ale is gold to copper in color and can have caramel or toasted malt flavor. The style is characterized by low but noticeable hop bitterness, flavor and aroma. These beers were inspired by British pale ales. They are very sessionable.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.044 - 1.054
FG	1.008 - 1.014
ABV	4.1% - 6.3%
IBU	20 - 30
BU:GU	0.45 - 0.56
SRM	6 - 12
CO2 Volumes	2.5 approximately
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	74 - 82

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Rare VosBrewery OmmegangSaints DevotionThe Lost AbbeyPerditionRussian River Brewing Co.



## Style A-Z

AlcoholNot Detectable to MildCarbonation (Visua)Medium Rising BubblesClarityClearColorGold to CopperCountry of OriginBelgium

#### Food Pairings

CheeseTaleggioEntréeTempura Fried Fish and ChipsDessertSavory Bread Pudding

Glass Tulip

	· 1
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are low but noticeable; noble-type hops are commonly
	used. Hop bitterness is low but noticeable
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Kent Goldings
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Caramel, Toast
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, CaraMunich, Biscuit
Other ingredients	Belgian Candi Sugar (occasionally)
Palate Body	Moderate
Palate Carbonation	Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium
Serving Temperature	40-50°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsSpicyEstersFruit (Pear, Orange)

# Belgian-Style Quadrupel

## **Style Family: Belgian Styles**

The Belgian-style Quadrupel is amber to dark brown in color. Caramel, dark sugar and malty sweet flavors dominate, with medium-low to medium-high hop bitterness. Quads have a relatively light body compared to their alcoholic strength. If aged, oxidative qualities should be mild and not distracting. Sometimes referred to as Belgian strong dark.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.084 - 1.120
FG	1.014 - 1.020
ABV	9.1% - 14.2%
IBU	25 - 50
BU:GU	0.30 - 0.42
SRM	8 - 20
CO <sub>2</sub> Volumes	2.5 - 3
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	83 - 83

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Four Allagash Brewing Co. The Sixth Glass Boulevard Brewing Co. Salvation Russian River Brewing Co.

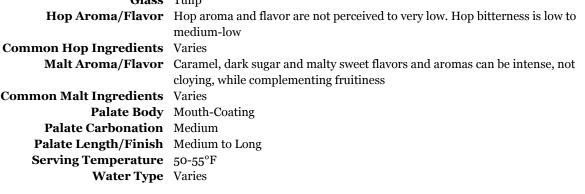
## Style A-Z

Alcohol	Noticeable to Hot
Carbonation (Visual)	Medium Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Slight Haze
Color	Amber to Dark Brown
<b>Country of Origin</b>	Belgium

### **Food Pairings**

Cheese Aged Gouda Entrée Roasted Duck Dessert Bread Pudding

#### Glass Tulip



Туре	Ale
Phenols	Clove-like phenolic flavor and aroma should not be evident
	Complex fruity flavors reminiscent of raisins, dates, figs, grapes and/or plums
	emerge, often accompanied with a hint of wine-like character. Perception of aftBeer.com
	alcohol can be extreme



# Belgian-Style Saison

## **Style Family: Belgian Styles**

Beers in this category are gold to light amber in color. Often bottle-conditioned, with some yeast character and high carbonation. Belgian-style saison may have Brettanomyces or lactic character, and fruity, horsey, goaty and/or leather-like aromas and flavors. Specialty ingredients, including spices, may contribute a unique and signature character. Commonly called "farmhouse ales" and originating as summertime beers in Belgium, these are not just warm-weather treats. U.S. craft brewers brew them year-round and have taken to adding a variety of additional ingredients.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.040 - 1.080

 FG
 1.010 - 1.014

 ABV
 4.4% - 8.4%

 IBU
 20 - 38

 BU:GU
 0.50 - 0.50

 SRM
 4 - 14

 CO2 Volumes
 3 - 3.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 83 - 75

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Saison	Funkwerks
Red Barn	The Lost Abbey
Hennepin	Brewery Ommegang



## Style A-Z

AlcoholMild to NoticeableCarbonation (Visual)Fast Rising BubblesClaritySlight HazeBrewing/Conditioning ProcessOften bottle-conditioned, sometimes dry-hopped and fermented at higher<br/>temperaturesColorPale to Light BrownCountry of OriginBelgium

Food Pairings Cheese Brie Entrée Seafood (Mussels) Dessert Lemon Ginger Sorbet

Glass	Tulip
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma is low to medium. Hop bitterness is medium to medium-high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Noble, Styrian, East Kent Goldings
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Malt flavor is low but provides foundation for the overall balance
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, Munich, Malted Wheat
Other ingredients	Simple Sugar, Honey, Spelt. Specialty ingredients (spices, herbs, flowers, fruits,
	vegetables, fermentable sugars and carbohydrates, special yeasts of all types,
	wood aging, etc.) may contribute unique and signature character
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	High
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium
Serving Temperature	45-55°F
Water Type	High sulfate content

Yeast Type Ale, Brettanomyces possible Phenols Pepper Esters Fruit (Orange, Lemon) Fermentation Byproducts A small amount of sour or acidic flavor is acceptable when in balance with other components. These beers are often bottle-conditioned, with some yeast Source: CraftBeer.com character and high carbonation

# Belgian-Style Tripel

## Style Family: Belgian Styles

Complex, sometimes mild spicy flavor characterizes this style. Yeast-driven complexity is common. Tripels are often on the higher end of the ABV spectrum, yet are approachable to many different palates. These beers are commonly bottle-conditioned and finish dry. The Belgian-style tripel is similar to Belgian-style golden strong ales, but are generally darker and have a more noticeable malt sweetness.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.070 - 1.092

 FG
 1.008 - 1.018

 ABV
 7.1% - 10.1%

 IBU
 20 - 45

 BU:GU
 0.29 - 0.49

 SRM
 4 - 9

 CO2 Volumes
 3 - 4

 Apparent Attenuation
 80 - 89

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Allagash TripelAllagash Brewing Co.TripelGreen Flash Brewing Co.PDABlack Bottle Brewery



### Style A-Z

AlcoholMildCarbonation (Visual)Fast Rising BubblesClarityClearColorPale to Light AmberCountry of OriginBelgium

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseTriple CremeEntréeRoasted TurkeyDessertCaramelized Banana Creme Brulee

Glass	Tulip
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are not perceived to low. Hop bitterness is medium to
	medium-high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Tetnang, Czech Saaz
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Low sweetness from very pale malts is present
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Belgian Pilsner
Other ingredients	Brewing Sugar (occasionally)
Palate Body	Soft to Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	High
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium
Serving Temperature	40-45°F
Water Type	Soft Water

Туре	Ale	
Phenols	Complex, sometimes mild spicy flavor. Clove-like phenolic flavor	or may be
	evident at very low levels	
Esters	Fruit (Orange, Banana)	
Fermentation Byproducts	raditional tripels are bottle-conditioned and may exhibit slight yeast haze, but	
	the yeast should not be intentionally roused	Source: CraftBeer.com

## American Cream Ale

### **Style Family: Hybrid Beers**

The American cream ale is a mild, pale, light-bodied ale, made using a warm fermentation (top or bottom fermenting yeast) and cold lagering. Despite being called an ale, when being judged in competitions it is acceptable for brewers to use lager yeast.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.044 - 1.052
FG	1.004 - 1.010
ABV	4.3% - 5.7%
IBU	10 - 22
BU:GU	0.23 - 0.42
SRM	2 - 5
CO2 Volumes	2.5 approximately
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	81 - 91

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### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

El Sully21st Amendment BrewerySpotted CowNew Glarus Brewing Co.Broadway LightDetroit Beer Co.



### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Not Detectable to Mild
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Brilliant
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Sometimes krausened for carbonation
Color	Straw to Gold
<b>Country of Origin</b>	United States

### Food Pairings

CheeseMonterey JackEntréeSalads, Mild ShellfishDessertLemon Custard Tart

#### Glass Flute

Hop Aroma/FlavorHop aroma is usually absent, and hop flavor is very low to low. Hop bitterness is<br/>very low to lowCommon Hop IngredientsLibertyMalt Aroma/FlavorGrainyCommon Malt IngredientsPilsnerOther ingredientsSimple Sugar, MaizePalate BodySoftPalate CarbonationHighPalate Length/FinishShortServing Temperature40-45°FWater TypeVaries

Туре	Lager or Ale
Phenols	Not common to style
Esters	Not common to style.
	Fermentation-derived sulfur character and/or DMS flavor should be extremely
	low or absent from this style of beer. Diacetyl flavor should not be perceived at Beer.com

# French-Style Biere de Garde

## **Style Family: Hybrid Beers**

Biere de Garde translates as "beer for keeping." This style is popping up more and more from U.S. producers. Blond, amber and brown versions exist. Biere de garde examples are light amber to chestnut brown or red in color. This style is characterized by a toasted malt aroma and slight malt sweetness. Flavor of alcohol is evident. Often bottle-conditioned, with some yeast character.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.060 - 1.080
FG	1.012 - 1.024
ABV	4.4% - 8.0%
IBU	20 - 30
BU:GU	0.33 - 0.38
SRM	7 - 16
CO2 Volumes	2.5 - 3
Apparent Attenuation	70 - 80

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Domaine DuPage Two Brothers Brewing Co. Biere De Garde Schlafly Beer, The Saint Louis Brewery Avant Garde The Lost Abbey



## Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild to Noticeable
Carbonation (Visual)	Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear to Slight Haze
Color	Light Amber to Chestnut Brown or Red
Country of Origin	France

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseSoft Ripened CheesesEntréeRoasted Lamb with MintDessertPecan Pie

Glass	Tulip
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Hop Aroma/FlavorHop aroma and flavor are low to medium, from noble-type hops. Hop bitterness<br/>is low to mediumCommon Hop IngredientsFuggleMalt Aroma/FlavorToast, Caramel, ToffeeCommon Malt IngredientsCaraVienna, Pilsner, Munich, Black PatentOther ingredientsSugar (occasionally)Palate BodySoft to Mouth-CoatingPalate Length/FinishShort to MediumServing Temperature45-55°FWater TypeSoft Water

Туре	Ale, Brettanomyces possible
Phenols	Not common to style
Esters	Fruity-ester flavors can be low to medium in intensity
	Diacetyl flavor should not be perceived. May have Brettanomyces yeast-derived
	aromas that are slightly acidic, fruity, horsey, goaty and/or leather-like Earthy
	cellar-like, corky and/or musty aromas are acceptable

# California Common

## **Style Family: Hybrid Beers**

The California common is brewed with lager yeast but fermented at ale fermentation temperatures. There is a noticeable degree of toasted malt and/or caramel-like malt character in flavor and often in aroma. Often referred to as "steam beer" and made famous by San Francisco's Anchor Brewing Company. Seek out woody and mint flavor from the Northern Brewer hops.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.045 - 1.056
FG	1.010 - 1.018
ABV	4.6% - 5.7%
IBU	35 - 45
BU:GU	0.78 - 0.80
SRM	8 - 15
CO2 Volumes	2.5 - 3
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	68 - 78

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Anchor SteamAnchor Brewing Co.2x SteamSouthern Tier Brewing Co.Steam Engine LagerSteamworks Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Not Detectable to Mild
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Cool ale fermentation temperatures used to ferment this lager beer
Color	Light Amber to Medium Amber
<b>Country of Origin</b>	United States

**Food Pairings** 

CheeseFetaEntréePork LoinDessertBread Pudding

Glass	Nonic Pint
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop flavor is low to medium-low and may present as Woody, Rustic, or Minty.
	Hop bitterness is medium to medium-high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Northern Brewer
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Noticeable caramel-type malt flavor should be present
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pale, Munich, Crystal, Victory, Pale Chocolate
Palate Body	Drying
<b>Palate Carbonation</b>	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Short
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

Yeast Type Lager Phenols Not common to style Esters Fruity-ester aromas, if present, should be low to medium-low

# German-Style Brown/Altbier

## **Style Family: Hybrid Beers**

Originally from the Düsseldorf area of Germany, the German-Style Brown/Altbier strikes a balance between hop and malt flavors and aromas, but can have low fruity esters and some peppery and floral hop aromas. Before Germany had lager beer, it had ales. Alt, meaning "old," pays homage to one rebel region in Germany which did not lean into lagering. U.S. producers celebrate the ale revolution beautifully with this top-fermented German beer style.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.044 - 1.052

 FG
 1.008 - 1.014

 ABV
 4.6% - 5.6%

 IBU
 25 - 52

 BU:GU
 0.57 - 1.00

 SRM
 11 - 19

 CO2 Volumes
 1.5 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 73 - 82

## U.S. Commercial Examples

Deep RootsRed Cypress BreweryLittle Red CapGrimm Brothers BrewhouseAltSouthampton Public House



## Style A-Z

Alcohol	Not Detectable to Mild
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Brilliant
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	A decoction mash is sometimes used. Cooler ale fermentation and lagering is
	common
Color	Copper to Dark Brown
<b>Country of Origin</b>	Germany

Food Pairings Cheese Emmental Entrée Grilled Salmon Dessert Apple Pie

Glass Hop Aroma/Flavor	Tulip Hop flavor is low to medium. Hop bitterness is medium to very high (although the 25 to 35 IBU range is more normal for the majority of Altbiers from Düsseldorf)
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Spalt, Magnum, Tettnang
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Sweet malt character that may have a rich, biscuity, and/or light caramel flavor
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, Munich, CaraMunich, Carafa Special II, Aromatic
Other ingredients	Wheat (occasionally)
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Short
Serving Temperature	45-50°F
Water Type	Moderate carbonate water

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersFruity-ester flavors, if present, can be low

# German-Style Kolsch

## Style Family: Hybrid Beers

Crisp, delicate and oh-so-drinkable, the German-style Kolsch is a beer hybrid, meaning that its production and subsequent beer drinking experience saddles qualities of both lager beers and ale beers. These light and refreshing ale-lager hybrids are perfect for warm summer days and have become a favored style by American craft brewers and beer lovers alike. In addition to their thirst quenching ability, they also are a fun beer to enjoy with food, including traditional German sausages and kraut.

## German-Style Kolsch

The German-style Kolsch is light in color and malt character. This style's fermentation process yields a light, vinous character which is accompanied by a slightly dry, crisp finish. Ale yeast is used for fermentation, though lager yeast is sometimes used in the bottle or final cold-conditioning process.

## Kolsch Beer in America

Kolsch beer stems from Cologne (Koln), Germany, but has found its way onto America's craft beer scene like many other German beers. Technically, for beer to be called a Kolsch, it has to come from the city of Cologne, but that hasn't stopped American craft brewers from embracing the Kolsch style of beers. Craft beer connoisseurs have been enjoying American Kolsch style beers during the warm seasons since the Kolsch was introduced to the American craft scene. This beer style pairs best with bratwurst, nutty cheeses, and even lighter desserts like apricot cake. We want to help you find a brewery that makes your next favorite Kolsch beer.

## Finding Your Next Favorite German Beer

You don't have to look very hard to find a Kolsch style beer that you enjoy, but we want to help you stay on top of all the small and independent breweries on the craft beer scene. We've created an interactive "Find a Brewery" tool to help you do precisely that. By allowing the map to use your precise location, searching for a specific brewery, or searching by state, our map will help you keep track of the breweries in your area and even find new breweries and brewpubs while you're traveling. We want to help you find your next favorite craft beer — which could be a Kolsch style beer — and our map is designed to do that.

Finding your next favorite Kolsch beer doesn't have to stop here. If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about German beer, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.042 - 1.048

 FG
 1.006 - 1.010

 ABV
 4.8% - 5.3%

 IBU
 18 - 28

 BU:GU
 0.43 - 0.58

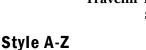
 SRM
 3 - 6

 CO2 Volumes
 2.5 approximately

 Apparent Attenuation
 79 - 86

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Light of CologneOrnery Beer Co.Travelin' Light KolschLeft Hand Brewing Co.Summer AleAlaskan Brewing Co.



AlcoholNot DetectableCarbonation (Visua)Medium to Fast Rising BubblesClarityBrilliantBrewing/Conditioning ProcessCommonly conditioned at colder temperatures (known as 'lagering')ColorStraw to GoldCountry of OriginGermany



Food PairingsCheeseNutty CheesesEntréeBratwurstDessertLight Apricot Cake

Glass	Flute
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop flavor is low and, if evident, should express noble hop character. Hop
	bitterness is medium
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	German Noble
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Malt character is a very low to low with a soft sweetness
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, Vienna
<b>Other ingredients</b>	Wheat (occasionally)
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Short
Serving Temperature	40-45°F
Water Type	Varies

Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersLight pear, apple or Riesling wine-like fruitiness may be apparentFermentation ByproductsLow-level sulfur notes are acceptable

# Irish-Style Red Beer

## Style Family: Hybrid Beers

Irish red ale is known for its unique malty taste and is on the lower side of the bitterness and alcohol content scales. If you love American craft beer, the Irish red ale beer remains a great style for beer lovers to seek out and appreciate.

## Irish-Style Red Ale

The Irish-style red ale is a balanced beer that uses a moderate amount of kilned malts and roasted barley in the recipe, which gives the beer the color for which it is named. Featuring an approachable hop bitterness which rests on the palate, this typically ambercolored beer is brewed as a lager or an ale, and can often have a medium, candy-like caramel malt sweetness. This style may contain adjuncts such as corn, rice, and sugar, which help dry out the beer's finish and lessen the body. It also often contains roasted barley, lending low roasted notes, darker color and possible creation of a tan collar of foam on top. With notes of caramel, toffee and sometimes low-level diacetyl (butter), think of the Irish red ale beer style as a cousin to lightly-toasted and buttered bread.

## America's Version of Irish Red Ale Beer

Irish-style red ales are an approachable style for people who are new to craft beer, but are also enjoyed and appreciated by even the most discerning of craft connoisseurs. Don't let these tasty, sessionable beers be relegated to a once-a-year holiday, Irish style reds can be enjoyed throughout the year in a variety of occasions and with a lot of different food options.

# American Craft Breweries Serving Irish Red Ale

It's no secret that Irish beers have played an influential role in the American craft beer scene, and that's apparent through the Irish red ale beer. It can be challenging to keep up with all of the Irish beer reinventions, and that is why we've created an interactive "Find a Brewery" map. The map will help you find small and independent U.S. craft breweries near you; some of those breweries and brewpubs are likely making variations of red ale beer.

Finding your next favorite Irish red ale beer doesn't have to stop here. If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about Irish red beer, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox. We can't send you beer, but we can send you our newsletter, which is almost as good.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.040 - 1.048

 FG
 1.010 - 1.014

 ABV
 4.1% - 4.6%

 IBU
 20 - 28

 BU:GU
 0.50 - 0.58

 SRM
 11 - 18

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 71 - 75

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

St. James Irish Red AleGlenwood Canyon BrewpubConway's Irish AleGreat Lakes Brewing Co.Brian Boru Old Irish AleThree Floyds Brewing



AlcoholNot Detectable to MildCarbonation (Visual)Medium to Fast Rising BubblesClarityClear to HazyColorCopper-Red to Reddish BrownCountry of OriginIreland



Food Pairings Cheese Cheddar Entrée Roasted Vegetables Dessert Poached Pears

Glass	Nonic Pint
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma is not perceived or low. Hop flavor and bitterness are medium
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Kent Goldings
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Low to medium candy-like caramel malt sweetness is present. May have a subtle
	degree of roasted barley or roasted malt character and complexity
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pale, Crystal, Roasted Barley
Other ingredients	May contain corn, rice or sugar adjuncts
Palate Body	Soft to Moderate
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Short
Serving Temperature	45-55°F
Water Type	Varies

Yeast

Туре	Lager or Ale
Phenols	Not common to style
Esters	Low levels of fruity-ester flavor are acceptable
Fermentation Byproducts	Diacetyl should be absent or at very low levels

## American Imperial Porter

### **Style Family: Porters**

Definitively American, the imperial porter should have no roasted barley flavors or strong burnt/black malt character. Medium caramel and coccoa-like sweetness is present, with complementing hop character and malt-derived sweetness.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.080 - 1.100

 FG
 1.020 - 1.030

 ABV
 7.0% - 12.0%

 IBU
 35 - 50

 BU:GU
 0.44 - 0.50

 SRM
 40+

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 70 - 75

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Northstar Imperial PorterTwisted Pine Brewing Co.Imperial PorterLong Trail Brewing Co.Imperial PorterShipyard Brewing Co.



### Style A-Z

AlcoholNoticeableCarbonation (Visual)Medium Rising BubblesClarityOpaqueColorBlackCountry of OriginUnited States

#### Food Pairings

CheeseSmoked GoudaEntréeChicken Mole EnchiladasDessertBlondie Butterscotch Brownies

#### Glass Tulip

01400	Tanp
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are low to medium-high. Hop bitterness is medium-low
	to medium
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	No roasted barley or strong burnt/black malt character should be perceived.
	Medium malt, caramel and cocoa-like sweetness is present
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Varies
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Medium to Long
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

Туре	Ale
Phenols	Not common to style
Esters	Ale-like fruity ester flavors should be evident but not overpowering,
	complementing hop character and malt-derived sweetness
Fermentation Byproducts	Diacetyl should be absent

# **Baltic-Style Porter**

### **Style Family: Porters**

The Baltic-style Porter is a smooth, cold-fermented and cold-lagered beer brewed with lager yeast. Because of its alcoholic strength, it may include very low to low complex alcohol flavors and/or lager fruitiness such as berries, grapes and plums (but not banana; ale-like fruitiness from warm-temperature fermentation is not appropriate). This style has the malt flavors of a brown porter and the roast of a schwarzbier, but is bigger in alcohol and body.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.072 - 1.092

 FG
 1.016 - 1.022

 ABV
 7.6% - 9.3%

 IBU
 35 - 40

 BU:GU
 0.47 - 0.49

 SRM
 40+

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 76 - 78

### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

The Duck-Rabbit Baltic PorterDuck Rabbit Craft BrewerySmuttynose Baltic PorterSmuttynose Brewing CompanySiberian SilkLa Cumbre Brewing Co.

### Style A-Z

AlcoholNoticeableCarbonation (Visual)Medium Rising BubblesClarityClear to OpaqueBrewing/Conditioning ProcessBrewed with lager yeast and cold-fermentedColorVery Deep Ruby or Garnet to BlackCountry of OriginUnited Kingdom

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseAged GoudaEntréePrime RibDessertDeconstructed S'mores

Glass	Nonic Pint
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are very low. Hop bitterness is low to medium-low
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Distinctive malt aromas of caramelized sugars, licorice, and chocolate-like notes
	of roasted malts and dark sugars are present. Roasted dark malts sometimes
	contribute a coffee-like roasted barley aroma. Low smoky aroma from malt may
	be evident. Debittered roasted malts are best used for this style
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Munich, Vienna, Pilsner, Crystal, Special "B", Carafa Special II, Chocolate
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Medium to Long
Serving Temperature	45-50°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeLagerPhenolsNot common to styleEstersMay include very low to low complex alcohol flavors and/or lager fruitiness such as berries, grapes, plums, but not banana; ale-like fruitiness from warm temperature fermentation is not appropriate

## English-Style Brown Porter

### **Style Family: Porters**

The English-style brown porter has no roasted barley or strong burnt/black malt character. Low to medium malt sweetness, caramel and chocolate is acceptable. Hop bitterness is medium. Softer, sweeter and more caramel-like than a robust porter, with less alcohol and body. Porters are the precursor style to stouts.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.040 - 1.050

 FG
 1.006 - 1.014

 ABV
 4.4% - 6.0%

 IBU
 20 - 30

 BU:GU
 0.50 - 0.60

 SRM
 30 - 35

 CO2 Volumes
 1.5 - 2

 Apparent Attenuation
 72 - 85

## U.S. Commercial Examples

Old Tom PorterPiney River Brewing Co.Pluff Mud PorterHoly City Brewing Co.PorterBack East Brewing Co.



## Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild
Carbonation (Visual)	Slow to Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Opaque
Color	Dark Brown (may have red tint) to Very Dark
<b>Country of Origin</b>	United Kingdom

Food Pairings

CheeseGruyereEntréeRoasted or Grilled MeatsDessertChocolate Peanut Butter Cookies

Glass Nonic Pint

Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are not perceived to medium. Hop bitterness is medium
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Fuggles
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Nutty, Chocolate, Caramel, Bready, Toffee
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	British Pale Ale, Brown, Crystal, Chocolate
Other ingredients	May contain additional sugar sources
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Medium to Long
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Moderate carbonate water

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersFruity esters may be present

# **Robust Porter**

## **Style Family: Porters**

The Robust Porter features more bitter and roasted malt flavor than a brown porter, but not quite as much as a stout. Robust porters have a roast malt flavor, often reminiscent of cocoa, but no roast barley flavor. Their caramel and malty sweetness is in harmony with the sharp bitterness of black malt. Hop bitterness is evident. With U.S. craft brewers doing so much experimentation in beer styles and ingredients, the lines between certain stouts and porters are often blurred. Yet many deliberate examples of these styles do exist. Diacetyl is acceptable at very low levels.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.045 - 1.060

 FG
 1.008 - 1.016

 ABV
 5.1% - 6.6%

 IBU
 25 - 40

 BU:GU
 0.56 - 0.67

 SRM
 30+

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 73 - 82

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

 Pig Iron Porter
 Iron Hill Brewery & Restaurant

 Moonlight Porter
 Iron Hill Brewery & Restaurant

 Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery
 Deschutes Brewery



## Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild
Carbonation (Visual)	Slow to Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Opaque
Color	Very Dark to Black
<b>Country of Origin</b>	United Kingdom

#### Food Pairings

CheeseGruyereEntréeRoasted or Grilled MeatsDessertChocolate Peanut Butter Cookies

	Nonic Pint Hop aroma and flavor are very low to medium. Hop bitterness is medium to
	high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Kent Goldings, Fuggles
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Grainy, Bready, Toffee, Caramel, Chocolate, Coffee. Caramel and other malty
	sweetness is in harmony with the sharp bitterness of black malt, without a
	highly burnt/charcoal flavor
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Munich, Crystal, Chocolate, Black Patent
<b>Other ingredients</b>	May contain roasted barley
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Medium
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersFruity esters should be evident, balanced with all other characters

## **Smoke Porter**

### **Style Family: Porters**

Typically the base for the smoke porter beer style is a robust porter that is given smoky depth thanks to wood-smoked malt. Traditionally, brewers will cite the specific wood used to smoke the malt, and different woods will lend different flavors to the finished product. Smoke flavors dissipate over time.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.050 - 1.065

 FG
 1.010 - 1.018

 ABV
 5.1% - 8.9%

 IBU
 20 - 40

 BU:GU
 0.40 - 0.62

 SRM
 20+

 CO2 Volumes
 Varies

 Apparent Attenuation
 72 - 80

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Smoked PorterAlaskan Brewing Co.Smoked PorterStone Brewing Co.,Smoked PorterEpic Brewing Co.,



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Varies
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Varies
Clarity	Varies
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Use of smoked malts is common
Color	Dark Brown to Black
<b>Country of Origin</b>	Undetermined

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseRed Dragon CheddarEntréeGrilled SausageDessertS'mores

Glass	Nonic Pint
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are not perceived to medium. Hop bitterness is medium
	to medium-high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Kent Goldings, Willamette
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Black malt character can be perceived in some porters, while others may be
	absent of strong roasted character. Medium to high malt sweetness, caramel
	and chocolate are acceptable
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Crystal, Chocolate, Black Patent
Other ingredients	Common woods used by U.S. craft brewers to smoke a variety of malts: Apple,
	Alder, Beech, Cherry, Hickory, Mesquite, Oak
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Medium to Long
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

 Type
 Ale

 Phenols
 Not common to style

 Esters
 Fruity-ester aroma is acceptable. A mild to assertive smoke malt aroma will be in balance with other aroma characters

 Source: CraftBeer.com

## American Imperial Stout

## **Style Family: Stouts**

The American-style imperial stout is the strongest in alcohol and body of the stouts. Black in color, these beers typically have an extremely rich malty flavor and aroma with full, sweet malt character. Bitterness can come from roasted malts or hop additions.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.080 - 1.100

 FG
 1.020 - 1.030

 ABV
 7.0% - 12.0%

 IBU
 50 - 80

 BU:GU
 0.62 - 0.80

 SRM
 40+

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 70 - 75

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Expedition StoutBell's BreweryOld Rasputin Imperial StoutNorth Coast Brewing Co.The Russian2SP Brewing Co.



### Style A-Z

AlcoholNoticeableCarbonation (Visual)Slow to Medium Rising BubblesClarityOpaqueColorBlackCountry of OriginUnited Kingdom

#### Food Pairings

CheeseAged CheesesEntréeFoie GrasDessertFlour-less Chocolate Cake

#### Glass Snifter

Olubb	Shinter
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are medium-high to high, with floral, citrus and/or
	herbal hop aromas. Hop bitterness is medium-high to very high and balanced
	with the malt character
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Horizon, Kent Goldings
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Bittersweet Chocolate, Cocoa, Coffee
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pale, Black Roasted Barley, Special "B", CaraMunich, Chocolate, Pale Chocolate
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	Low to Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Long
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersFruity esters are generally high

# American Stout

## **Style Family: Stouts**

American stout beer is perhaps one of the most identifiable creations of the American beer world. Stout beer is about as dark of an American beer as can be, and has a very noticeable of appearance, aroma and flavor. As one of the thicker, darker American beers on the craft beer scene, American stout beer is perfect for the colder seasons.

## American Stout

Strikingly bold and undeniably beautiful, the American stout beer style blends generous amounts of dark malts with American hops to offer an adventurous experience that is unmatched by other styles of beer. Are you afraid of the dark? When it comes to American stout, don't be. Allow your senses to run wild with this deceivingly sophisticated take on a European staple.

## Stout Beer in America

Like many other beer styles that have become prized by American brewers and beer lovers alike, American stout is a distinct variant of a European stout beer counterpart. True to style, American stouts showcase generous quantities of the American hops fans have come to expect, and much like other stout beer types, American stout can be enjoyed year-round but is commonly considered a beer for the fall or winter months. The stout is a terrific companion to bold, hearty foods. Look for hearty game meats, as well as soups and strong cheeses to be particularly suitable for pairing for American stouts, in addition to a variety of after-dinner desserts.

## Finding Your Next American Stout Beer

Reading about American stout is great, but we encourage you to seek out the style at a local brewery. Take advantage of our "Find a Brewery" map to discover a small and independent brewery near you to try your first, or next, American stout.

If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about American beer, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.050 - 1.075

 FG
 1.010 - 1.022

 ABV
 5.7% - 8.9%

 IBU
 35 - 60

 BU:GU
 0.70 - 0.80

 SRM
 40+

 CO2 Volumes
 2.5 - 3

 Apparent Attenuation
 71 - 80

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Shakespeare StoutRogue AlesObsidian StoutDeschutes BreweryBlack CliffsBoise Brewing



#### Style A-Z

	Mild to Noticeable Slow to Medium Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear to Opaque
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Additional ingredients such as coffee, chocolate, vanilla beans, cherries are
	common, as is oak aging
Color	Black
<b>Country of Origin</b>	United States

**Food Pairings** 

CheeseSharp CheddarEntréeGrilled LambDessertCoffee Cake

Glass	Nonic Pint
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are medium to high, often with American citrus-type
	and/or resiny hop aromas. Hop bitterness is medium to high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Horizon, Centennial
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Low to medium malt sweetness with low to medium caramel, chocolate, and/or
	roasted coffee flavor is present, with a distinctive dry-roasted bitterness in the
	finish. The contribution of roasted barley and roasted malt to astringency is low
	and not excessive. Slight roasted malt acidity is acceptable
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pale, Black Roasted Barley, Chocolate, Crystal
Other ingredients	Oats (occasionally)
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	Low to Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Medium to Long
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

Yeast Type Ale Phenols Not common to style Esters Fruity-esters flavors are low, if present

# **English-Style Oatmeal Stout**

#### **Style Family: Stouts**

The addition of oatmeal adds a smooth, rich body to the oatmeal stout. This beer style is dark brown to black in color. Roasted malt character is caramel-like and chocolate-like, and should be smooth and not bitter. Coffee-like roasted barley and malt aromas are prominent. This low- to medium-alcohol style is packed with darker malt flavors and a rich and oily body from oatmeal.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.038 - 1.056
FG	1.008 - 1.020
ABV	3.8% - 6.1%
IBU	20 - 40
BU:GU	0.53 - 0.71
SRM	20+
CO2 Volumes	2 - 2.5
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	64 - 79

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Stagecoach StoutFigueroa Mountain Brewing Co.Back Road StoutMillstream Brewing Co.Velvet MerlinFirestone Walker Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild
Carbonation (Visual)	Slow to Medium Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Opaque
Color	Dark Brown to Black
<b>Country of Origin</b>	United Kingdom

#### Food Pairings

CheeseAged CheddarEntréeChicken in Mole SauceDessertSweet Potato Cheesecake

#### Glass Nonic Pint

01400	
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are optional, but should not overpower the overall
	balance if present. Hop bitterness is medium
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Kent Goldings
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Coffee-like roasted barley and roasted malt aromas are prominent. Caramel-like
	and chocolate-like roasted malt aroma should be evident
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pale, Flaked Oats, Chocolate, Victory, Crystal, Black Roasted Barley
Other ingredients	Oats
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
<b>Palate Carbonation</b>	Low to Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Medium
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersFruity ester flavors are very lowFermentation ByproductsDiacetyl should be absent or at extremely low levels

# English-Style Sweet Stout (Milk Stout)

#### **Style Family: Stouts**

Sweet stout, also referred to as cream stout or milk stout, is black in color. Malt sweetness, chocolate and caramel should dominate the flavor profile and contribute to the aroma. It also should have a low to medium-low roasted malt/barley-derived bitterness. Milk sugar (lactose) lends the style more body. This beer does use lactose sugar, so people with an intolerance should probably avoid this style.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.045 - 1.056

 FG
 1.012 - 1.020

 ABV
 3.2% - 6.3%

 IBU
 15 - 25

 BU:GU
 0.33 - 0.45

 SRM
 40+

 CO2 Volumes
 1.5 - 2

 Apparent Attenuation
 64 - 73

#### U.S. Commercial Examples

Milk StoutLeft Hand Brewing Co.Udder LoveBeachwood Brewery & BBQSamuel Adams Cream StoutBoston Beer Co.

#### Style A-Z

AlcoholMildCarbonation (Visual)Slow to Medium Rising BubblesClarityOpaqueColorBlackCountry of OriginUnited Kingdom

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseButtery CheddarEntréeMexican Mole, Spicy BBQDessertChocolate Cake, Ice Cream

01400	Nonic Pint Hop aroma and flavor are not perceived. Hop bitterness is low to medium-low and serves to balance and suppress some of the sweetness without contributing apparent flavor nor aroma
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Kent Goldings
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Malt sweetness, chocolate, and caramel should dominate the flavor profile. Malt
	bitterness is low to medium-low and derived from roasted malt or barley
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	British Pale Ale, Black Patent, Pale Chocolate, Crystal
Other ingredients	Lactose
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	Low to Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Medium
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	High carbonate water

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersFruity ester flavors are low, if present



# Irish-Style Dry Stout

## **Style Family: Stouts**

Dry stout is black beer with a dry-roasted character thanks to the use of roasted barley. The emphasis on coffee-like roasted barley and a moderate degree of roasted malt aromas define much of the character. Hop bitterness is medium to medium high. This beer is often dispensed via nitrogen gas taps that lend a smooth, creamy body to the palate.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG 1.038 - 1.048 FG 1.008 - 1.012 **ABV** 4.2% - 5.3% IBU 30-40 BU:GU 0.79 - 0.83 **SRM** 40+ CO2 Volumes 1-1.5 Apparent Attenuation 75 - 79

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Blarney Sisters Dry Irish Stout Third Street Aleworks Seaside Stout Pizza Port Brewing Co. O.V.L. Stout Russian River Brewing Co.

#### Style A-Z

Alcohol Not Detectable Carbonation (Visual) Slow to Medium Rising Bubbles Clarity Clear to Opaque Color Black Country of Origin Ireland

**Food Pairings** 

Cheese Irish Cheddar Entrée Seafood (Oysters), Ham **Dessert** Chocolate Desserts

Glass	Nonic Pint
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are are not perceived to low, from European-type hops.
	Hop bitterness is medium to medium high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Kent Goldings
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Dry stouts achieve a dry-roasted character through the use of roasted barley.
	Initial malt and light caramel flavors give way to a distinctive dry-roasted
	bitterness in the finish. Emphasis of coffee-like roasted barley and a moderate
	degree of roasted malt flavors define much of the character
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	British Pale Ale, Flaked Barley, Black Roasted Barley
Palate Body	Soft to Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	Low to Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Moderate carbonate water

#### Yeast Type Ale Phenols Not common to style. Esters Fruity esters are minimal and overshadowed by malt, high hop bitterness and roasted barley character Fermentation Byproducts Diacetyl should be very low, if evident



# German-Style Bock

#### **Style Family: Bocks**

Traditional bock beers are all-malt brews and are high in malt sweetness. Malt character should be a balance of sweetness and toasted or nut-like malt. "Bock" translates as "goat"!

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.066 - 1.074
FG	1.018 - 1.024
ABV	6.3% - 7.6%
IBU	20 - 30
BU:GU	0.30 - 0.41
SRM	20 - 30
CO2 Volumes	2.5 approximately
Apparent Attenuation	68 - 73

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

<b>Troegenator Double Bock</b>	Troegs Brewing Co.
Butt Head Bock	Tommyknocker Brewery & Pub
Rockefeller Bock	Great Lakes Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild to Noticeable
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Slow to Medium Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	A decoction mash is commonly used
Color	Dark Brown to Very Dark
<b>Country of Origin</b>	Germany

#### Food Pairings

CheeseAged SwissEntréeGrilled Rib-EyeDessertChocolate

#### Glass Tulip

Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop flavor is low. Hop bitterness is perceived as medium, increasing
	proportionately with starting gravity
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	German Noble
Malt Aroma/Flavor	High malt character with aromas of toasted or nut-like malt, but not caramel
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, Munich, CaraMunich, Meussdoerffer Rost, Melanoidin
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	Low to Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium
Serving Temperature	45-50°F
Water Type	Moderate carbonate water

#### Yeast

TypeLagerPhenolsNot common to style.EstersFruity-ester aromas should be minimal, if present

# German-Style Doppelbock

## **Style Family: Bocks**

"Doppel" meaning "double," this style is a bigger and stronger version of the lower-gravity German-style bock beers. Originally made by monks in Munich, the doppelbock beer style is very food-friendly and rich in melanoidins reminiscent of toasted bread. Color is copper to dark brown. Malty sweetness is dominant but should not be cloying. Malt character is more reminiscent of fresh and lightly toasted Munich-style malt, more so than caramel or toffee malt. Doppelbocks are full-bodied, and alcoholic strength is on the higher end.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.074 - 1.080

 FG
 1.014 - 1.020

 ABV
 6.6% - 7.9%

 IBU
 17 - 27

 BU:GU
 0.23 - 0.34

 SRM
 12 - 30

 CO2 Volumes
 2.5 approximately

 Apparent Attenuation
 75 - 81

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Samuel Adams Double BockBoston Beer Co.Uber BockGreat Dane Pub & Brewing Co.ConsecratorBell's Brewery, Inc.



#### Style A-Z

AlcoholMild to NoticeableCarbonation (Visual)Slow to Medium Rising BubblesClarityClearBrewing/Conditioning ProcessA decoction mash is commonly usedColorCopper to Dark BrownCountry of OriginGermany

Food Pairings

CheeseStrong CheesesEntréePork or HamDessertGerman Chocolate Cake

Glas	s Tulip
Hop Aroma/Flavo	$\cdot$ Hop aroma should be absent. Hop flavor and bitterness are low
<b>Common Hop Ingredient</b>	s German Noble
Malt Aroma/Flavo	r Dominant aromas are reminiscent of fresh and lightly toasted Munich-style
	malt, more so than caramel or toffee. Some elements of caramel and toffee can
	be evident in aroma and contribute to complexity, but the predominant malt
	aroma is an expression of toasted barley
<b>Common Malt Ingredient</b>	s Pilsner, Munich, Vienna, CaraMunich
Palate Body	y Soft
Palate Carbonation	Low to Medium
Palate Length/Finisl	n Medium
Serving Temperatur	e 45-50°F
Water Type	e Varies

#### Yeast

TypeLagerPhenolsNot common to styleEstersPrune, Plum, Grape

# German-Style Maibock

#### **Style Family: Bocks**

Also called "heller bock" (meaning "pale bock"), the German-style Maibock is paler in color and more hop-centric than traditional bock beers. A lightly toasted and/or bready malt character is often evident.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.066 - 1.074

 FG
 1.012 - 1.020

 ABV
 6.3% - 8.1%

 IBU
 20 - 38

 BU:GU
 0.30 - 0.51

 SRM
 4 - 9

 CO2 Volumes
 2.5 approximately

 Apparent Attenuation
 73 - 82

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Elixir MaibockAbita BreweryMaibockMad Fox Brewing Co.MaibockSmuttynose Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild to Noticeable
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	A decoction mash is commonly used
Color	Pale to Light Amber
Country of Origin	Germany

#### Food Pairings

CheeseSwissEntréeHamDessertWhite Chocolate Cheesecake

#### Glass Goblet

Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are low to medium low, deriving from noble-type hops.
	Hop bitterness is low
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	German Noble
Malt Aroma/Flavor	A lightly toasted and/or bready malt aroma is often evident. Roasted or heavy
	toast/caramel malt aromas should be absent
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, Munich, Vienna
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium
Serving Temperature	45-55°F
Water Type	Varies

Yeast Type Lager Phenols Not common to style Esters Fruity-ester flavors may be low, if present

# German-Style Weizenbock

#### **Style Family: Bocks**

The German-style Weizenbock is a wheat version of a German-style bock, or a bigger and beefier dunkelweizen. Malt mellanoidins and weizen ale yeast are the star ingredients. If served with yeast, the appearance may appropriately be very cloudy. With flavors of bready malt and dark fruits like plum, raisin, and grape, this style is low on bitterness and high on carbonation. Balanced clove-like phenols and fruity, banana-like esters produce a well-rounded aroma.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.066 - 1.080

 FG
 1.016 - 1.028

 ABV
 7.0% - 9.5%

 IBU
 15 - 35

 BU:GU
 0.23 - 0.44

 SRM
 4.5 - 30

 CO2 Volumes
 2.5 - 3

 Apparent Attenuation
 65 - 76



#### U.S. Commercial Examples

Glockenspiel Weizenbock	Great Lakes Brewing Co.
Moonglow	Victory Brewing Co.
Weizenbock	AleSmith Brewing Co.

#### Style A-Z

AlcoholMild to NoticeableCarbonation (Visual)Medium to Fast Rising BubblesClarityHazyBrewing/Conditioning ProcessA decoction mash is commonly used. Unfiltered and yeastyColorGold to Very DarkCountry of OriginGermany

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseManchegoEntréeChicken and DumplingsDessertBanana Bread

Glass	Tulip
	Hop aroma is not perceived. Hop bitterness is low
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	German Noble
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Nutmeg, vanilla, caramel, plums, prunes, raisins, grapes and cocoa, with rum
	and brandy flavors to boot. Medium malty sweetness is present. If dark, a mild
	roasted malt aroma and flavor should emerge
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Malted Wheat, Munich, Special "B", Crystal, Pale Chocolate
Palate Body	Moderate to Mouth-Coating
<b>Palate Carbonation</b>	Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Medium to Long
Serving Temperature	45-55°F
Water Type	Varies

# Yeast Type Weizen Ale Phenols Clove Esters Fruity-ester and banana-like elements Fermentation Byproducts If served with yeast, appearance may appropriately be very cloudy

# Scotch Ale/Wee Heavy

## Style Family: Scottish-Style Ales

The Scotch ale is overwhelmingly malty, with a rich and dominant sweet malt flavor and aroma. A caramel character is often part of the profile. Some examples feature a light smoked peat flavor. This style could be considered the Scottish version of an English-style barley wine. Overly smoked versions would be considered specialty examples.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.072 - 1.085

 FG
 1.016 - 1.028

 ABV
 6.6% - 8.5%

 IBU
 25 - 35

 BU:GU
 0.35 - 0.41

 SRM
 15 - 30

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 67 - 78

#### U.S. Commercial Examples

Wee HeavyDry Dock Brewing Co.Way HeavyPizza Port Brewing Co.Real HeavyReal Ale Brewing Co.

#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Noticeable to Hot
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Traditionally, cooler ale fermentation temperatures were common
Color	Light Reddish Brown to Very Dark
<b>Country of Origin</b>	Scotland / United Kingdom

**Food Pairings** 

CheesePungent CheesesEntréeVariety of Meats and GameDessertCreamy Desserts with Fruit

Glass	Thistle
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are not perceived. Hop bitterness is low but perceptible
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Kent Goldings
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Dominated by a smooth, balanced sweet maltiness. Will also have a medium
	degree of malty, caramel-like aroma and flavor
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	British Pale Ale, Crystal, Honey, Pale Chocolate, Munich and even Roasted
	Barley
Palate Body	Mouth-Coating
Palate Carbonation	Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Medium
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Soft Water (occasionally)

# Yeast Type Ale Phenols Not common to style Esters Plums, Raisin, Dried Fruit. A peaty/smoky character may be evident at low levels Fermentation Byproducts Yeast characters such as diacetyl and sulfur are acceptable at very low levels



# Scottish-Style Ale

## Style Family: Scottish-Style Ales

Scottish-style ales vary depending on strength and flavor, but in general retain a malt-forward character with some degree of caramel-like malt flavors and a soft and chewy mouthfeel. Some examples feature a light smoked peat flavor. Hops do not play a huge role in this style. The numbers commonly associated with brands of this style (60/70/80 and others) reflect the Scottish tradition of listing the cost, in shillings, of a hogshead (large cask) of beer. Overly smoked versions would be considered specialty examples. Smoke or peat should be restrained.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.030 - 1.050

 FG
 1.006 - 1.018

 ABV
 2.8% - 5.3%

 IBU
 9 - 25

 BU:GU
 0.30 - 0.50

 SRM
 6 - 15

 CO2 Volumes
 1.5 - 2

 Apparent Attenuation
 64 - 80

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Scottish AleCampbell Brewing Co.Wee HeavyMaui Brewing Co.Kilt LifterFour Peaks Brewery



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Not Detectable to Mild
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Slow to Medium Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	High-temperature mash is common to emphasize a more dextrinous wort,
	lending bigger body and mouthfeel and decreasing fermentable sugars.
	Traditionally, cooler ale fermentation temperatures were common.
Color	Golden to Dark Chestnut or Brown
Country of Origin	Scotland / United Kingdom

Food Pairings Cheese Pungent Cheeses Entrée Variety of Meats and Game Dessert Creamy Desserts with Fruit

Glass	Thistle
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are not perceived. Hop bitterness is low.
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Kent Goldings
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Caramel, Toffee
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	British Pale Ale, Crystal, Honey, Pale Chocolate, Munich and even Roasted
	Barley
<b>Other ingredients</b>	Wheat Malt, Sugar (occasionally)
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	Low to Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Short
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	High carbonate water

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsPeaty, Earthy, SmokyEstersNot common to style.

Fermentation Byproducts Diacetyl and sulfur are acceptable at very low levels.

# American Brett

## Style Family: Wild/Sour Beers

These unique beers vary in color and can take on the hues of added fruits or other ingredients. Horsey, goaty, leathery, phenolic and some fruity acidic character derived from Brettanomyces organisms may be evident, but in balance with other components of an American Brett beer. Brett beer and sour beer are not synonymous.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	Varies
FG	Varies
ABV	Varies
IBU	Varies
BU:GU	Varies
SRM	Varies
CO2 Volumes	Varies
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	Varies

#### U.S. Commercial Examples



Touch of BrettAlesong Brewing & BlendingSanctificationRussian River Brewing CompanyBrett SaisonArdent Craft Ales

#### Style A-Z

AlcoholVariesCarbonation (Visual)VariesClarityVariesBrewing/Conditioning ProcessWood vessels may be used during the fermentation and aging process. Blending<br/>is also commonColorVariesCountry of OriginUnited States

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseEarthy Farmhouse CheesesEntréeGrilled or Roasted GameDessertFruit-Filled Pastries

Glass Tulip

Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma, flavor and bitterness are evident over a full range from low to high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Varies
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Varies
Other ingredients	Fruit (occasionally)
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Varies
Serving Temperature	45-55°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeBrettanomyces, Ale/Lager possiblePhenolsCan be presentEstersCan be presentMicroorganismsBrettanomyces possible

# American Sour

## Style Family: Wild/Sour Beers

The acidity present in sour beer is usually in the form of lactic, acetic and other organic acids naturally developed with acidified malt in the mash, or produced during fermentation by the use of various microorganisms. These beers may derive their sour flavor from pure cultured forms of souring agents or from the influence of barrel aging.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	Varies
FG	Varies
ABV	Varies
IBU	Varies
BU:GU	Varies
SRM	Varies
CO2 Volumes	Varies
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	Varies

## U.S. Commercial Examples

Ching ChingBend Brewing Co.Le Petite PrinceJester King BreweryQueen of TartsKarl Strauss Brewing Co.

#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Varies
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Varies
Clarity	Varies
Brewing/Conditioning Process	Wood vessels may be used during the fermentation and aging process, but wood-derived flavors such as vanillin must not be present
Color	Any range of color, and may take on the color of other ingredients
Country of Origin	United States

Food Pairings Cheese Strongly Flavored Cheeses Entrée Varies Dessert Creamy Desserts with Fruit

Glass Goblet

01455	Gobiet
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma, flavor and bitterness are evident over a full range from low to high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	In darker versions, roasted malt, caramel-like and chocolate-like aromas are
	subtly present
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Varies
Other ingredients	Varies
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Varies
Serving Temperature	40-50°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

Туре	Ale, Brettanomyces possible	
Phenols	Can be present.	
Esters	Moderate to intense, yet balanced, fruity ester aromas are evident	
Microorganisms	Lactobacillus	
Fermentation Byproducts	Bacteria- and yeast-induced haze are acceptable at any temperature	

# **Belgian-Style Flanders**

## Style Family: Wild/Sour Beers

The Belgian-style Flanders is an ale with character and balance, thanks to lactic sourness and acetic acid. Cherry-like flavors are acceptable, as is malt sweetness that can lend bitterness and a cocoa-like character. Oak or other wood-like flavors may be present, even if the beer was not aged in barrels. Overall, the style is characterized by slight to strong lactic sourness, and Flanders "reds" sometimes include a balanced degree of acetic acid. Brettanomyces-produced flavors may be absent or very low. This style is a marvel in flavor complexity, combining malt, yeast, microorganisms, acidity and low astringency from barrel aging.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.044 - 1.056

 FG
 1.008 - 1.016

 ABV
 4.8% - 6.6%

 IBU
 5 - 18

 BU:GU
 0.11 - 0.32

 SRM
 12 - 25

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 71 - 82

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

EnigmaNew Glarus BrewingOud TartThe BrueryLa FolieNew Belgium Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

AlcoholNot Detectable to MildCarbonation (Visual)Medium to Fast Rising BubblesClarityBrilliant to Slight HazeBrewing/Conditioning ProcessBlending is common. Oak-like or woody characters may be pleasantly integrated<br/>into the overall palate when aged in oak barrelsColorCopper to Very DarkCountry of OriginBelgium

Food Pairings

CheeseMimoletteEntréeBeef CarbonnadeDessertPumpkin Pie

Tulip
Hop aroma and flavor are not perceived. Hop bitterness is perceived to be very
low to medium-low
Kent Goldings
Roasted malt aromas including a cocoa-like character are acceptable at low
levels. A very low degree of malt sweetness may be present
Vienna, Munich Special "B", Aromatic
Varies
Medium to High
Medium to Long
45-50°F
Varies

#### Yeast

TypeBrettanomycesPhenolsNot common to styleEstersFruit-ester aromas, which are often cherry-like, are apparent. May also have<br/>notes of raisins, plums, figs and prunes

# Belgian-Style Fruit Lambic

#### Style Family: Wild/Sour Beers

Often known as cassis, framboise, kriek, or peche, a fruit lambic takes on the color and flavor of the fruit it is brewed with. It can be dry or sweet, clear or cloudy, depending on the ingredients. Notes of Brettanomyces yeast are often present at varied levels. Sourness is an important part of the flavor profile, though sweetness may compromise the intensity. These flavored lambic beers may be very dry or mildly sweet.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.040 - 1.072

 FG
 1.008 - 1.016

 ABV
 5.0% - 8.9%

 IBU
 15 - 21

 BU:GU
 0.29 - 0.38

 SRM
 Varies

 CO2 Volumes
 4 approximately

 Apparent Attenuation
 78 - 80



#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

<b>Cherry Lambic</b>	Upland Brewing Co.
<b>Coolship Red</b>	Allagash Brewing Co.
Hexotic	Two Roads Brewing Co.

#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Varies
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Varies
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Old lambic is blended with newly fermenting young lambic to create this style.
	Fruit is added as well. These beers are aged in oak
Color	Hued with color reflecting the choice of fruit
Country of Origin	Belgium

Food Pairings Cheese Chèvre Entrée Pineapple Ceviche Dessert Chocolate Creme Caramel

Glass Hop Aroma/Flavor	Tulip Hop aroma, flavor and bitterness are not perceived to very low, and can include cheesy or floral lavender notes
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Aged, stale hops
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Sweet malt characters are not perceived
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, Flaked Wheat
Other ingredients	Unmalted Wheat, Fruit
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	High
Palate Length/Finish	Varies
Serving Temperature	45-50°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeAle, Brettanomyces possiblePhenolsCan be presentEstersCan be present.MicroorganismsLactobacillus and PediococcusFermentation ByproductsCloudiness is acceptable

# Belgian-Style Lambic/Gueuze

## Style Family: Wild/Sour Beers

Belgian-style Lambic or Gueueze beers are naturally and spontaneously fermented with high to very high levels of esters, plus bacterial and yeast-derived sourness that sometimes includes acetic flavors. Lambics are not blended, while the gueuze style blends old and new lambics which are re-fermented in the bottle. Historically, they are dry and completely attenuated, exhibiting no residual sweetness either from malt, sugar or artificial sweetners. Sweet versions may be created through the addition of sugars or artificial sweetners. Many examples of this style are made to resemble the gueuze lambic beers of the Brussels area, where it originated.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.044 - 1.056
FG	1.000 - 1.010
ABV	6.3% - 8.9%
IBU	9 - 23
BU:GU	0.20 - 0.41
SRM	6 - 13
CO2 Volumes	1 - 1.5
pparent Attenuation	82 - 100

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

A

American Blackberry Sour	New Glarus Brewing
Sour Reserve	Upland Brewing Co.
Supplication	Russian River Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Not Detectable to Mild
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Brilliant (but haze may exist from yeast sediment from bottle fermentation)
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Old lambic is blended with newly-fermented young lambic. These beers are aged
	in oak
Color	Gold to Medium Amber
<b>Country of Origin</b>	Belgium

Food Pairings Cheese

Cheese	Mascarpone with Fruit
Entrée	Shellfish (Mussels)
Dessert	Rich Chocolate Cake

Glass	Tulip
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma, flavor and bitterness are not perceived to very low, and can include
	cheesy or floral lavender notes
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Aged, stale hops
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Sweet malt characters are not perceived
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, Flaked Wheat
Other ingredients	Unmalted Wheat
Palate Body	Drying to Soft
Palate Carbonation	Very Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Medium
Serving Temperature	40-50°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeAle, Brettanomyces possibleEstersHigh to very high fruity ester aromas are presentMicroorganismsLactobacillus and Pediococcus

# **Contemporary Gose**

#### Style Family: Wild/Sour Beers

Straw to medium amber, the contemporary Gose is cloudy from suspended yeast. A wide variety of herbal, spice, floral or fruity aromas other than found in traditional Leipzig-Style Gose are present, in harmony with other aromas. Salt (table salt) character is traditional in low amounts, but may vary from absent to present. Body is low to medium-low. Low to medium lactic acid character is evident in all examples as sharp, refreshing sourness.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG 1.036 - 1.056 FG 1.008 - 1.012 **ABV** 4.4-5.4 **IBU** 10 - 15 BU:GU 0.28 - 0.27 **SRM** 3 to 9 **CO2 Volumes** 3.3 - 4.5 Apparent Attenuation 77.78 - 78.5



## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Old Pro Gose Union Craft Brewing The Kimmie, The Yink & The Holy Anderson Valley Brewing Co. Gose Gose Westbrook Brewing Co.

#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Not Detectable
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Cloudy/ Hazy
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	May be fermented with pure beer yeast strains, or with yeast mixed with
	bacteria. Contemporary Gose may be spontaneously fermented and should exhibit complexity of acidic, flavor and aroma contributed by introduction of wild yeast and bacteria into the fermentation
Color	Straw to Light Amber
Country of Origin	Germany

**Food Pairings** 

Cheese Queso Fresco Entrée Watermelon Salad Dessert Greek Yogurt Lemon Mousse

Glass	Flute
Hop Aroma/Flavor	None
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Grainy
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner and Wheat
<b>Other ingredients</b>	Table Salt, herbs, spices or fruit
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Medium
Serving Temperature	40-50°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

Type Ale Microorganisms Lactobacilus, Brettanomyces **Fermentation Byproducts** 

# American Lager

#### **Style Family: Pilseners and Pale Lagers**

American lager has little in the way of hop and malt character. A straw to gold, very clean and crisp, highly carbonated lager.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.040 - 1.048

 FG
 1.006 - 1.014

 ABV
 4.1%-5.1%

 IBU
 5 - 15

 BU:GU
 0.13 - 0.31

 SRM
 2 - 6

 CO2 Volumes
 2.2 - 2.7

 Apparent Attenuation
 70.83 - 85.00

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

The CrispSixpoint BrewingTwo WomenNew Glarus Brewing Co.Luchesa LagerOasis Texas Brewing Co.

#### Style A-Z

AlcoholMildCarbonation (Visual)Medium to Fast Rising BubblesClarityBrilliant to ClearColorStraw to GoldCountry of OriginUnited States

Food Pairings Cheese Smear Ripened Cheeses Entrée Pho Dessert Kettle Corn Balls

Glass	Flute
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Low
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Variety of bittering hops may be used
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Grainy
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	2-Row and 6-Row Barley
Other ingredients	Corn, Rice and other adjuncts are often used
Palate Body	Drying
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Medium
Serving Temperature	40-45°F
Water Type	

Yeast Type Lager Esters Low fruity-ester flavors are acceptable



# Bohemian-Style Pilsener

## **Style Family: Pilseners and Pale Lagers**

The Bohemian pilsener has a slightly sweet and evident malt character and a toasted, biscuit-like, bready malt character. Hop bitterness is perceived as medium with a low to medium-low level of noble-type hop aroma and flavor. This style originated in 1842, with "pilsener" originally indicating an appellation in the Czech Republic. Classic examples of this style used to be conditioned in wooden tanks and had a less sharp hop bitterness despite the similar IBU ranges to German-style pilsener. Low-level diacetyl is acceptable. Bohemian-style pilseners are darker in color and higher in final gravity than their German counterparts.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.044 - 1.056
FG	1.014 - 1.020
ABV	4.1% - 5.1%
IBU	30 - 45
BU:GU	0.68 - 0.80
SRM	3-7
CO2 Volumes	2 - 2.5
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	64 - 68

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Bohemian Pilsener	Ninkasi Brewing Co.
Mama's Little Yella Pils	Oskar Blues
Sweet Ride	Bagby Beer Co.



## Style A-Z

Alcohol	Not Detectable to Mild
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Medium Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear to Brilliant
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Decoction mash provides a rich malt character
Color	Straw to Light Amber
Country of Origin	Czech Republic

Food Pairings

Cheese	Mild White Cheddar
Entrée	Shellfish, Chicken, Salads
Dessert	Shortbread Cookies

Glass	Flute
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma and flavor are low to medium-low, deriving from noble-type hops.
	Hop bitterness is medium
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Czech Saaz
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Toasted, biscuit-like, and/or bready malt flavors along with low levels of
	fermented-malt-derived sulfur compounds may be evident
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, CaraPils
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	Medium
Palate Length/Finish	Short
Serving Temperature	40-45°F
Water Type	Low mineral content

#### Yeast

Туре	Lager
Phenols	Not common to style
Esters	Not common to style
Fermentation Byproducts	

# European-Style Export

#### **Style Family: Pilseners and Pale Lagers**

Sometimes referred to as a "Dortmunder export," the European-Style Export has the malt-forward flavor and sweetness of a German-style helles, but the bitter base of a German-style pilsener. This lager is all about balance, with medium hop character and firm but low malt sweetness. Look for toasted malt flavors and spicy floral hop aromas.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.048 - 1.056

 FG
 1.010 - 1.014

 ABV
 5.1% - 6.1%

 IBU
 23 - 29

 BU:GU
 0.48 - 0.52

 SRM
 3 - 6

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 75 - 79

#### U.S. Commercial Examples

Dortmunder GoldGreat Lakes Brewing Co.LagerBell's Brewery Inc.Dortmunder MifflinEmmett's Tavern & Brewing Co.



AlcoholNot Detectable to MildCarbonation (Visual)Medium to Fast Rising BubblesClarityClearColorStraw to Deep GoldenCountry of OriginGermany

Food Pairings

CheeseChèvreEntréeGrilled SteakDessertBread Pudding

#### Glass Flute

Hop Aroma/FlavorHop flavor and aroma are very low to low, deriving from noble-type hops. Hop<br/>bitterness is mediumCommon Hop IngredientsGerman NobleMalt Aroma/FlavorSweet malt flavor can be low and should not be caramel-likeCommon Malt IngredientsPilsner, MunichPalate BodyModeratePalate CarbonationMedium to HighServing Temperature45-50°FWater TypeGypsum, Chalk

#### Yeast

TypeLagerPhenolsNot common to styleEstersNot common to style



# German-Style Helles

## Style Family: Pilseners and Pale Lagers

A beer for beer lovers, the German-style helles is a malt accented lager beer that balances a pleasant malt sweetness and body with floral Noble hops and restrained bitterness. The helles is a masterclass in restraint, subtly and drinkability which makes it an enduring style for true beer lovers and an elusive style for craft brewers to recreate. The German helles reminds beer lovers that the simple things in life are usually the most rewarding and worth pursuing.

# German-Style Helles

"Helles" means "pale in color," as these beers are often golden. The German-style helles lager is a bit rounder or fuller-bodied than light lager and even all-malt pilsners. Helles lager beers offer a touch of sweetness that balance a measurable addition of spicy German hop flavor and light bitterness. The malt character is soft and bready, making it a terrific complement to light dishes such as salad or fresh shellfish, like clams. Clean and crisp, this is a refreshing beer with substance. Low levels of yeast-produced sulfur aromas and flavors may be common.

## A Classic German Beer

While the German helles is highly versatile for pairing with food, helles lager is designed for refreshment and makes for the ideal beer on a hot day. Today, small and independent craft brewers offer their own takes on this classic German beer, many following the German tradition exactly, including German malts, spicy German hops and expertly controlled fermentation, offering a balanced yet subtly sweet lager beer. Others have added their own American twist on the helles variety by adding American hops and making this lager beer available in aluminum cans so beer lovers can enjoy this style while out and about. If you have not had the pleasure of tasting and appreciating this beer brewed for beer lovers, do yourself a favor and seek out a brewery near you that offers the style as a taproom option. You won't be sorry.

# Helping You Find Your New Favorite German Helles

We've assembled an interactive "Find a Brewery" map to help you keep track of all of the breweries and brewpubs near you, and some of those craft breweries are likely making helles beer. By allowing the map to use your specific location, searching by state or searching for a specific brewery, we want to help you find your next favorite craft beer, which could be a helles beer.

If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about German beer, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.044 - 1.050
FG	1.008 - 1.012
ABV	4.8% - 5.6%
IBU	18 - 25
BU:GU	0.41 - 0.50
SRM	4 - 5.5
CO2 Volumes	2 - 2.5
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	76 - 82

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Hell Yes

Helles Dry Dock Brewing Co. Helles Lager Victory Brewing Co.

The Austin Beer Garden Brewing Co.

## Style A-Z

Alcohol Not Detectable to Mild Carbonation (Visual) Medium to Fast Rising Bubbles **Clarity** Clear to Brilliant



ColorPale to GoldenCountry of OriginGermany

Food Pairings Cheese Colby Entrée Samosas Dessert Baklava

Glass	Flute
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma is not perceived to low. Hop flavor and bitterness are very low to
	low, deriving from European noble-type hops
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	German Noble
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Malt character is sometimes bread-like, yet always reminiscent of freshly and
	very lightly toasted malted barley
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner, Munich
Palate Body	Moderate
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Short to Medium
Serving Temperature	45-50°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeLagerPhenolsNot common to style.EstersNot common to style

# German-Style Pilsner

#### **Style Family: Pilseners and Pale Lagers**

Quite possibly the most iconic beer style in modern history, the pilsner — also spelled pilsener — captured the attention of beer drinkers across the world and inspired a myriad of regional imitations. This lightly colored, exquisitely balanced lager remains one of the most loved beers to enjoy, and one of the most challenging for the brewer to create. Pilsners are characteristically light in color and have a very short finish. The world over, pilsner-style lagers have become the standard beer for many reasons, and American craft brewers have worked hard to put their own unique spin on this classic German beer.

# German-Style Pilsner Beer

A classic German-style pilsner is straw to pale in color with a malty sweetness that can be perceived in aroma and flavor. Perception of hop bitterness is medium to high. Noble-type hop aroma and flavor are moderate and quite obvious. Distinctly different from the Bohemian-style pilsner, this style is lighter in color and body and has a lower perceived hop bitterness.

## German Pilsner Lager in America

German pilsner lagers have a rich history in the United States. Some of the first breweries in the United States were started in the 1800s by German immigrants and specialized in brewing pilsner beer. Since then, American craft brewers have continued to experiment with the classic style pils. Like other German beers, pilsner lager's crisp finish makes for a refreshing beer during the warmer months of the year. We want to help you find the next pilsner beer to keep you refreshed on a hot summer day.

# Helping You Find Your Next Pilsner Beer

American craft brewers have worked hard to create their own versions of pilsner beers over the years. If you are a big fan of pilsner, we want to help you find nearby breweries where you can try all the new pilsner beers on the craft scene. Our "Find a Brewery" tool is designed to lead you to breweries and brewpubs near you that carry the beer variety you desire. By entering your precise location, searching for a brewery, or searching by state, we can help you find your next favorite place to grab a pilsner or another German beer.

If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about German beer, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox. We can't send you any pilsner lagers, but we can send you our newsletter, which is almost as fun.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.044 - 1.055

 FG
 1.006 - 1.012

 ABV
 4.6% - 5.3%

 IBU
 25 - 40

 BU:GU
 0.57 - 0.73

 SRM
 3 - 4

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 78 - 86

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Pivo PilsFirestone Walker Brewing Co.Paintbrush PilsenerSnake River Brewing Co.Prima PIlsVictory Brewing Co.

#### Style A-Z

AlcoholNot DetectableCarbonation (Visual)Medium to Fast Rising BubblesClarityBrilliantColorStraw to PaleCountry of OriginGermany



Food Pairings Cheese White Cheddar Entrée Shellfish, Chicken, Salads Dessert Shortbread Cookies

Glass	Flute
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop flavor is moderate and quite obvious, deriving from late hopping (not dry-
	hopping) with noble-type hops. Hop bitterness is medium to high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	German Noble
Malt Aroma/Flavor	A sweet, malty residual aroma can be perceived
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Pilsner
Palate Body	Soft
Palate Carbonation	Medium to High
Palate Length/Finish	Short
Serving Temperature	40-45°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

~ 1	Lager Not common to style
Esters	Not common to style.
	Very low levels of DMS aroma may be present, usually below most beer
	drinkers' taste thresholds and not detectable except to the trained or sensitive palate

# American Black Ale

## **Style Family: Specialty Beers**

The American black ale is characterized by the perception of caramel malt and dark roasted malt flavor and aroma. Hop bitterness is perceived to be medium-high to high. Hop flavor and aroma are medium-high. Fruity, citrus, piney, floral and herbal character from hops of all origins may contribute to the overall experience. This beer is often called a black IPA or Cascadian dark ale.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.056 - 1.075

 FG
 1.012 - 1.018

 ABV
 6.3% - 7.6%

 IBU
 50 - 70

 BU:GU
 0.89 - 0.93

 SRM
 35+

 CO2 Volumes
 2 - 2.5

 Apparent Attenuation
 76 - 79

#### U.S. Commercial Examples

Wookey JackFirestone Walker Brewing Co.Back in Black21st Amendment BreweryOnce You GoLynnwood Brewing Concern



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Mild to Noticeable
Carbonation (Visual)	Medium Rising Bubbles
Clarity	Clear to Opaque
Color	Very Dark to Black
Country of Origin	United States

#### Food Pairings

CheeseBlue Cheeses, Aged GoudaEntréeGrilled Shrimp and GritsDessertChocolate Truffles

#### Glass Tulip

Hop Aroma/FlavorHop aroma is medium-high to high, with hops of all origins contributing fruity,<br/>floral, herbal or other notesCommon Hop IngredientsVariesMalt Aroma/FlavorMedium caramel malt and dark roasted malt aromas are evidentCommon Malt IngredientsVariesPalate BodySoftPalate CarbonationMediumPalate Length/FinishMedium to LongServing Temperature50-55°FWater TypeVaries

#### Yeast

TypeAlePhenolsNot common to styleEstersCan be present

# Barrel-Aged Beer

## **Style Family: Specialty Beers**

A wood- or barrel-aged beer is any lager, ale or hybrid beer, either a traditional style or a unique experimental beer, that has been aged for a period of time in a wooden barrel or in contact with wood. This beer is aged with the intention of imparting the unique character of the wood and/or the flavor of what has previously been in the barrel. Today's craft brewers are using wood (mostly oak) to influence flavor and aromatics. Beer may be aged in wooden barrels (new or previously used to age wine or spirits), or chips, spirals and cubes may be added to the conditioning tanks that normally house beer. A variety of types of wood are used including oak, apple, alder, hickory and more. The interior of most barrels is charred or toasted to further enhance the flavor of the wood.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG Varies
FG Varies
ABV Varies
IBU Varies
BU:GU Varies
SRM Varies
CO2 Volumes Varies
Apparent Attenuation Varies

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Drama Queen	Denver Beer Co.
<b>Barrel Aged Sump Coffee Stout</b>	Perennial Beer Co.
DBA	Firestone Walker Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Varies
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Varies
Clarity	Varies
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Aging in wood barrels necessary
Color	Varies
<b>Country of Origin</b>	Undetermined

Food Pairings

Cheese VariesEntrée VariesDessert Varies

Glass	Tulip
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Varies
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Varies
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Varies
Other ingredients	Wood Aging
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Varies
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeLager or Ale. May have Brettanomyces characterPhenolsCan be presentEstersCan be present

# Chocolate Beer

## **Style Family: Specialty Beers**

Few flavors are as universally celebrated as chocolate. From ancient civilizations who drank fermented chocolate to rich, decadent and refined chocolate desserts, the cultural significance of chocolate cannot be understated. Like chocolate, beer too is a celebrated, versatile tradition that spans the globe. American craft brewers have embraced the combination of both with a variety of different approaches and applications to create chocolate flavored beers. While many beers showcase chocolatey flavors without actually having chocolate as an ingredient, chocolate beers use the ingredient itself to offer a uniquely balanced beer experience that can be appreciated by beer connoisseurs and those with sweet tooths alike.

# Chocolate Beer

Chocolate beer can be an ale or lager that benefits from the addition of any type of chocolate or cocoa. Traditionally added to porters, stouts and brown ales, where the grain bill better complements the confectionery ingredient, it can be added to other styles as well. Chocolate character can range from subtle to overt, but any chocolate beer is generally expected to offer some balance between beer and bon-bon. The style can vary greatly in approach as well as flavor profile depending on the brewer.

# Chocolate Flavored Beer in America

Known for innovation and pushing boundaries, craft brewers have never met an ingredient they didn't like, or at least an ingredient they didn't believe could be expressed in a beer. Chocolate flavored beers offer beer lovers a chance to taste just how versatile craft brewers can be. The use of chocolate in chocolate beers offers yet another example of craft beers culinary compatibility, whether as a pairing or show-stopping course all in itself, a well-crafted chocolate flavored beer is a game changer even for those who don't generally gravitate towards beer.

While stouts and porters are the most complementary styles to embrace the addition of chocolate, chocolate beers need not stick to the script. Chocolate can be added to all types of beer styles, even beers as light as pale ales. The key for any flavored beer is that the ingredients and flavors it presents are balanced well with the base style of beer. Chocolate flavored beer may seem like an odd concept, but any beer or chocolate lover owes it to themself to give chocolate beer a try.

# Helping You Find Your Next Chocolate Flavored Beer

On the hunt for an American craft brewer that offers a chocolate flavored beer? We want to help you find your first or new favorite. Whether you have a craft beer or chocolate fascination, our "Find a Brewery" map is designed to meet your needs.

Finding your first or next favorite beer doesn't have to stop here. If you are interested in a convenient way to learn more about chocolate beer, or any other kind of beer, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.030 - 1.110

 FG
 1.006 - 1.030

 ABV
 2.5% - 12.0%

 IBU
 15 - 40

 BU:GU
 0.36 - 0.50

 SRM
 15 - 50

 CO2 Volumes
 Varies

 Apparent Attenuation
 73 - 80

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Chocolate Oak Aged Imperial YetiGreat Divide Brewing Co.StoutStoutBrooklyn Black Chocolate StoutBrooklyn BreweryThe Ticket Chocolate BeerZwanzigZ Brewing



#### Style A-Z

AlcoholVariesCarbonation (Visual)VariesClarityBrilliant to OpaqueColorLight Brown to BlackCountry of OriginUndetermined

Food Pairings

Cheese	Aged Goat Cheeses
Entrée	Venison Mole
Dessert	Raspberry Torte

GlassSnifterHop Aroma/FlavorHop flavor and aroma are lower than might be expected for the style. Under-<br/>hopping allows chocolate to contribute to the flavor profile while not becoming<br/>excessively bitter. Hop bitterness is very low to medium-low.Common Hop IngredientsVariesMalt Aroma/FlavorMedium-low to medium-high malt sweetness helps accent cocoa flavors and<br/>aromas.Common Malt IngredientsVariesOther ingredientsChocolateVariesVariesPalate CarbonationLow to HighPalate Length/FinishVariesServing Temperature50-55°FWatter TypeVaries

Yeast

TypeLager or AlePhenolsCan be present.EstersCan be present.

# Coffee Beer

## **Style Family: Specialty Beers**

If you had to combine two beverages that Americans love, you would have coffee beer. Craft breweries across the United States have zealously embraced coffee flavored beer. The creations that have resulted from experimenting with the combination of some of the oldest beverages in the world have caught the attention of craft beer lovers everywhere.

# Coffee Beer

Coffee beer can be either a lager beer or an ale beer, with coffee added to boost flavor. While stouts and porters are popular base styles for coffee beer, many craft breweries are experimenting with other styles, like cream ales and India pale ales. Brewers may steep the beans in either water or beer to impart java flavor while taking care to avoid the addition of too much acidity. As with any beer, the addition of an ingredient can have a drastic effect on the flavor — but striking a balance is often the goal of brewers.

# Warming Up with Coffee Beer

Coffee is a versatile ingredient in beer, and lends a smooth roasted flavor to just about any style, from stouts and porters to pale ales and even sour beers. You can look to pair coffee flavored beers with a wide variety of different foods. Desserts might be an obvious choice, after all, — who wouldn't enjoy a piece of pecan pie cheesecake alongside a smooth, rich coffee oatmeal stout? Despite how well it pairs with sweeter dishes, there is no reason a coffee beer couldn't be an excellent companion to a charcoal grilled rib-eye steak at your next cookout. This beer style also makes a nice partner when paired with aged semi-hard cheeses when you're entertaining.

# Pointing You in the Direction of Coffee Flavored Beer

Finding your next favorite beer doesn't have to stop here. CraftBeer.com's "Find a Brewery" map is designed to help you find small and independent craft breweries near you. Giving you the option to search for breweries by location, desired brewery name, or state, finding breweries and brewpubs closest to your location could lead you to your next favorite beer, which could be a coffee flavored beer.

If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about coffee flavored beer, which foods pair best with these beers, or any other beer style, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.030 - 1.110

 FG
 1.006 - 1.030

 ABV
 2.5% - 12.0%

 IBU
 15 - 45

 BU:GU
 0.50 - 0.41

 SRM
 4 - 50

 CO2 Volumes
 Varies

 Apparent Attenuation
 73 - 80

## **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Big Bad BaptistEpic Brewing Co.Speedway StoutAleSmith Brewing Co.Gusto CremaGeorgetown Brewing Co.

## Style A-Z

AlcoholVariesCarbonation (Visual)VariesClarityBrilliant to OpaqueBrewing/Conditioning ProcessCoffee is used in any of its forms to create a distinct (ranging from subtle to intense) character.ColorPale to Black



Food Pairings Cheese Aged Semi-Hard Cheeses Entrée Pork Tenderloin Dessert Vanilla Ice Cream

	Nonic Pint Hop flavor is reflective of aroma and can be low to high depending on the intent of the underlying style. Hop bitterness is very low to medium-high.
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Medium-low to medium malt sweetness helps accent coffee flavors and aromas.
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Varies
Other ingredients	Coffee
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Varies
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeLager or AlePhenolsCan be present.EstersCan be present.

# Fruit and Field Beer

#### **Style Family: Specialty Beers**

Fruit beer is made with fruit, or fruit extracts that are added during any portion of the brewing process, providing obvious yet harmonious fruit qualities. This idea is expanded to "field beers" that utilize vegetables and herbs.

#### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.030 - 1.110

 FG
 1.006 - 1.030

 ABV
 2.5% - 13.3%

 IBU
 5 - 45

 BU:GU
 0.17 - 0.64

 SRM
 5 - 50

 CO2 Volumes
 Varies

 Apparent Attenuation
 73 - 80

#### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Apricot Cream AleVertigo BrewingRuby Raspberry WheatMad Anthony Brewing Co.Elektrik CukumbahTrinity Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Varies
<b>Carbonation (Visual)</b>	Varies
Clarity	Varies
<b>Brewing/Conditioning Process</b>	Varies
Color	Pale to Very Dark
Country of Origin	Undetermined

#### Food Pairings

CheeseCreamy CheesesEntréeSaladsDessertVanilla Ice Cream

## Glass Tulip

	r
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop bitterness is very low to medium-high
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Malt sweetness is very low to medium-high
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Varies
<b>Other ingredients</b>	Fruit, Vegetables
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Varies
Serving Temperature	Varies
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeLager or AlePhenolsCan be presentEstersCan be present

# Gluten-Free Beer

## **Style Family: Specialty Beers**

If you are one of the 2 million Americans who suffer from celiac disease, trying craft beers may seem impossible, or at least challenging. But with the growing interest in gluten-free options, many people have found that they no longer have to miss out on enjoying craft beer. Many brewers have recognized the desire for gluten-free customers to enjoy their beer without the concern of ingesting gluten, leading many craft brewers to utilize alternative grains during the brewing process that do not contain gluten. Dedicated gluten-free breweries have also found success catering to people dealing with gluten intolerance as well as health-minded beer drinkers who choose to follow a gluten-reduced or gluten-free diet, but don't want to give up their favorite beverage.

## Gluten-Free Beer

Barley, wheat, oats, rye and spelt are the ingredients that most breweries use to brew the beers that the world has come to love. These ingredients commonly contain gluten, so people who suffer from celiac disease must look for other fermentables to be featured in gluten-free beer. Many craft breweries who make gluten-free beers have turned to malted sorghum and buckwheat, which are grains that do not contain gluten to brew beers for their gluten-averse customers.

# Gluten-Free Craft Beers in America

People have dealt with the effects of celiac disease since the mid-1800s, but the grains responsible for the condition weren't discovered until the 1940s. Brewers began brewing craft beers in the United States in the mid-1960s, and that path has eventually led to the creation of gluten-free craft beers. Several craft brewers across the United States have brewed reduced-gluten and gluten-free craft beers so that everyone of age can be a part of the craft beer community.

# Leading You to Your Next Gluten-Free Craft Beer

Even with the progress the craft beer community has made toward including the gluten-free community, gluten-free beer can still be a difficult thing to find at times. As a solution to this, we've created an interactive "Find a Brewery" map to help you find breweries and brewpubs, and some of those craft breweries do serve gluten-free beers. Our map allows you to enter your specific location, search for a particular brewery, or search for a brewery by state. We want to do our part to keep the craft beer community as tight as we can and helping you find new places to try the craft beers that you love is a large part of that.

Finding your next favorite gluten-free craft beer doesn't have to stop here. If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about gluten-free beer, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	Varies
FG	Varies
ABV	Varies
IBU	Varies
BU:GU	Varies
SRM	Varies
CO2 Volumes	Varies
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	Varies

### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Gluten Free Deschutes Brewing Co. Nikki's Gluten Free Honey Pale Ale Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery Copperhead Greenview Brewing

### Style A-Z

Alcohol Varies Carbonation (Visual) Varies Clarity Varies



Brewing/Conditioning Process Typically brewed without malt Color Varies Country of Origin Undetermined

> Food Pairings Cheese Varies Entrée Varies Dessert Varies

Glass	Flute
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Varies
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Malted barley, wheat and other gluten-rich grains should not be perceived
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	N/A
Other ingredients	Fermentable sugars, grains and converted carbohydrates that do not contain
	gluten
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Varies
Serving Temperature	Varies
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeLager or AlePhenolsCan be present.EstersCan be presentMicroorganismsLactobacillus and Pediococcus

Source: CraftBeer.com

# Herb and Spice Beer

### **Style Family: Specialty Beers**

An herb and spice beer is a lager or ale that contains flavors derived from flowers, roots, seeds or certain fruits or vegetables. Typically the hop character is low, allowing the added ingredient to shine through. The appearance, mouthfeel and aromas vary depending on the herb or spice used. This beer style encompasses innovative examples as well as traditional holiday and winter ales.

### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.030 - 1.110

 FG
 1.006 - 1.030

 ABV
 2.5% - 12.0%

 IBU
 5 - 40

 BU:GU
 0.17 - 0.36

 SRM
 5 - 50

 CO2 Volumes
 Varies

 Apparent Attenuation
 73 - 80

### U.S. Commercial Examples

NoDajitoNoDa Brewing Co.Midas TouchDogfish Head Brewing Co.Good JujuLeft Hand Brewing Co.



#### Style A-Z

AlcoholVariesCarbonation (Visual)VariesClarityVariesColorAny range of color depending on the underlying styleCountry of OriginUndetermined

#### **Food Pairings**

Cheese VariesEntrée VariesDessert Varies

Glass Tulip

Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop aroma is not essential, but may be evident at low levels and should not	
	dominate over the herb or spice character	
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies	
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Varies	
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Varies	
Other ingredients	Herbs, Spices	
Palate Body	Varies	
Palate Carbonation	Low to High	
Palate Length/Finish	Varies	
Serving Temperature	45-55°F	
Water Type	Varies	

#### Yeast

Туре	Lager or Ale
Phenols	Can be present
Esters	Can be present.

# Honey Beer

## **Style Family: Specialty Beers**

Both lagers and ales can be brewed with honey. Some brewers will choose to experiment with ingredients, while others will add honey to traditional styles. Overall the character of honey should be evident but not totally overwhelming. A wide variety of honey beers are available. U.S. brewers may add honey to the boil kettle (as a sugar source) or post-boil (to preserve more volatile aromatics).

### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.030 - 1.110

 FG
 1.006 - 1.030

 ABV
 2.5% - 12.0%

 IBU
 1 - 100

 BU:GU
 0.03 - 0.91

 SRM
 Varies

 CO2 Volumes
 Varies

 Apparent Attenuation
 73 - 80

### U.S. Commercial Examples

Jetty Cream AleGreat South Bay BreweryWestbound BraggotTwisted Pine Brewing Co.Midas TouchDogfish Head Craft Brewery



Alcohol Varies Carbonation (Visual) Varies Clarity Varies Color Varies Country of Origin Undetermined

#### **Food Pairings**

CheeseRicottaEntréeBruschettaDessertLemon Basil Gelato

Glass Tulip

Hop Aroma/FlavorHop bitterness is very low to very high, and may be used for highlighting desired<br/>characteristics.Common Hop IngredientsVariesMalt Aroma/FlavorVariesCommon Malt IngredientsVariesOther ingredientsHoneyPalate BodyVariesPalate CarbonationLow to HighPalate Length/FinishVariesServing Temperature50-55°FWater TypeVaries

#### Yeast

Туре	Lager or Ale
Phenols	Can be present.
Esters	Can be present.



# Pumpkin Beer

## **Style Family: Specialty Beers**

Nothing says fall quite like pumpkins and beer, and American craft breweries have done a superb job of combining the two. It's tough to find anything that hasn't been "pumpkin spiced," and beers are no different. Pumpkin flavored beers have caught the attention of craft beer and pumpkin lovers everywhere, partially because the flavors can be implemented in several beer styles. Whether you're interested in trying pumpkin amber ales, IPAs or pumpkin stouts, there are plenty of options from American craft brewers for you to explore.

# Pumpkin Beer

Perhaps the most seasonal of seasonal beers, the pumpkin beer style can be brewed with pumpkin, just pumpkin spices, or even winter squash. Since the fruit does not have much of a taste by itself, many craft brewers have taken to adding spices typically found in pumpkin pie, like cinnamon and clove. However, these flavors should not overpower the beer. Pumpkin can be found in everything from stouts to pale ales and pilsners.

# Pumpkin Beer's Versatility

Pumpkin spice beer is so versatile that it is hard to nail down its particular characteristics. Pumpkin flavored beers can range from relatively light to dark, bitter or malt forward, and can be either sessionable or strong as far as the alcohol content is considered. As you'd expect, the pumpkin beer style pairs well with fall food flavors like roasted turkey and coffee ice cream. Camembert cheese is another decadent beer pairing if you're pouring a glass of pumpkin flavored beer to enjoy.

Pumpkin spice beers are a very popular seasonal beer style for a reason. American craft breweries everywhere likely have their own version of pumpkin beer you can explore, so get out and try them this fall (sometimes breweries even release them in late summer). If you are a lover of pumpkin ale, we can help you find a craft brewery that might serve one you haven't tried yet.

# Pumpkin Spice Beer Locator

Finding your next favorite pumpkin flavored beer doesn't have to stop here. Feel free to use our interactive brewery map to find a brewery or brewpub near you that could very well be serving a pumpkin spice beer.

If you enjoy the website and are interested in a convenient way to learn more about pumpkin flavored beers or the breweries that carry them, sign up to have our newsletter delivered directly to your inbox. We can't send you beer, but we can send you our newsletter, which is almost as good.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

```
      OG
      1.030 - 1.110

      FG
      1.006 - 1.030

      ABV
      2.3% - 12.0%

      IBU
      5 - 70

      BU:GU
      0.17 - 0.64

      SRM
      5 - 50

      CO2 Volumes
      Varies

      Apparent Attenuation
      73 - 80
```

### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

 Pump Action Imperial Pumpkin
 4 Noses Brewing Co.

 Ale

 Pumking
 Southern Tier Brewing Co.

 Punkin
 Dogfish Head Craft Brewery



### Style A-Z

Alcohol Varies Carbonation (Visual) Varies Clarity Varies

Brewing/Conditioning Process Beer brewed with pumpkins (Cucurbito pepo) or winter squash as an adjunct in either the mash, kettle or primary or secondary fermentation, providing obvious (ranging from subtle to intense) yet harmonious qualities Color Any range of color depending on the underlying style

Country of Origin Undetermined

Food Pairings

Cheese Camembert Entrée Roasted Turkey Dessert Coffee Ice Cream

Glass	Tulip
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop bitterness is low to medium-low
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Malt sweetness is low to medium-high
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Varies
<b>Other ingredients</b>	Pumpkin, Squash
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Varies
Serving Temperature	50-55°F
Water Type	Varies

Yeast

Type Lager or Ale **Phenols** Can be present Esters Can be present.

Source: CraftBeer.com

# Rye Beer

## **Style Family: Specialty Beers**

In darker versions, malt flavor can optionally include low roasted malt characters (evident as cocoa/chocolate or caramel) and/or aromatic toffee-like, caramel, or biscuit-like characters. Low-level roasted malt astringency is acceptable when balanced with low to medium malt sweetness. Hop flavor is low to medium-high. Hop bitterness is low to medium. These beers can be made using either ale or lager yeast. The addition of rye to a beer can add a spicy or pumpernickel character to the flavor and finish. Color can also be enhanced and may become more red from the use of rye. The ingredient has come into vogue in recent years in everything from stouts to lagers, but is especially popular with craft brewers in India pale ales. To be considered an example of the style, the grain bill should include sufficient rye such that rye character is evident in the beer.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG Varies
FG Varies
ABV Varies
IBU Varies
BU:GU Varies
SRM Varies
CO2 Volumes Varies
Apparent Attenuation Varies

### U.S. Commercial Examples

LowRYEderSweetWater Brewing Co.HossGreat Divide Brewing Co.Breakside Rye Curious?Breakside Brewery



### Style A-Z

Alcohol	Varies
Carbonation (Visual)	Varies
Clarity	Varies
Color	Inclusion of rye can create a wide range of color. Lighter versions: Straw to
	Copper. Darker versions: Dark Amber to Dark Brown
Country of Origin	Germany

Food Pairings Cheese Wensleydale Entrée Jerk Chicken Dessert Savory Bread Pudding

Glass	Vase
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Hop flavor and aroma are low to medium-high. Hop bitterness is low to
	medium
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	In darker versions, malt aromas can optionally include low roasted malt
	characters evident as cocoa/chocolate or caramel, and/or aromatic toffee-like,
	caramel, or biscuit-like characters
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Varies
<b>Other ingredients</b>	Grist should include sufficient rye such that rye character is evident in the beer
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Varies
Serving Temperature	45-55°F
Water Type	Varies

Yeast Type Lager or Ale PhenolsNot common to styleEstersLow level fruity-ester flavors are typicalFermentation ByproductsIn versions served with yeast, appearance may range from hazy to very cloudy

Source: CraftBeer.com

# Session Beer

## **Style Family: Specialty Beers**

Session beer is not defined by flavors or aromas, which can place it in almost any style category. Instead, what makes a session beer is primarily refreshment and drinkability. Any style of beer can be made lower in strength than described in the classic style guidelines. The goal should be to reach a balance between the style's character and the lower alcohol content. Drinkability is a factor in the overall balance of these beers. Beer should not exceed 5 percent ABV.

### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 1.034 - 1.040

 FG
 1.004 - 1.010

 ABV
 4.0% - 5.0%

 IBU
 10 - 35

 BU:GU
 0.29 - 0.87

 SRM
 2+

 CO2 Volumes
 Varies

 Apparent Attenuation
 75 - 88

### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Provo GirlUtah Brewers Co-opTwerpPizza Port Brewing Co.PSB Session IPLPerry Street Brewing Co.

### Style A-Z

Alcohol Not Detectable to Mild Carbonation (Visual) Varies Clarity Varies Color Varies Country of Origin Undetermined

#### **Food Pairings**

Cheese VariesEntrée VariesDessert Varies

Glass	Varies
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Varies
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Varies
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Varies
<b>Other ingredients</b>	Varies
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Varies
Serving Temperature	Varies
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeLager or AlePhenolsCan be present.EstersCan be present.



# Smoke Beer

## **Style Family: Specialty Beers**

When malt is kilned over an open flame, the smoke flavor becomes infused into the beer, leaving a taste that can vary from dense campfire, to slight wisps of smoke. Any style of beer can be smoked; the goal is to reach a balance between the style's character and the smoky properties. Originating in Germany as rauchbier, this style is open to interpretation by U.S. craft brewers. Classic base styles include German-style Marzen/Oktoberfest, German-style bock, German-style dunkel, Vienna-style lager and more. Smoke flavors dissipate over time.

## **Quantitative Style Statistics**

 OG
 Varies

 FG
 Varies

 ABV
 Varies

 BU:GU
 Varies

 BU:GU
 Varies

 CO2 Volumes
 Varies

 Apparent Attenuation
 Varies

### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Smoke Jumper Smoked ImperialLeft Hand Brewing Co.PorterVictory Brewing Co.Scarlet FireVictory Brewing Co.RaucherWolverine State Brewing Co.



### Style A-Z

Alcohol Varies Carbonation (Visual) Varies Clarity Varies Color Varies Country of Origin Germany

Food Pairings

CheeseParmesanEntréeGrilled VegetablesDessertGingerbread Cookies

Glass	Nonic Pint
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Varies
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Varies
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Varies
<b>Other ingredients</b>	Common woods used by U.S. craft brewers to smoke a variety of malts: Apple,
	Alder, Beech, Cherry, Hickory, Mesquite, Oak
Palate Body	Varies
Palate Carbonation	Low to High
Palate Length/Finish	Varies
Serving Temperature	45-55°F
Water Type	Varies

#### Yeast

TypeLager or AlePhenolsCan be presentEstersCan be present

# Specialty Beer

### **Style Family: Specialty Beers**

Ingredients used in the specialty beer style should be distinctive and evident in either the aroma, flavor or overall balance of the beer. This style category is a catch-all. Any specialty beer that does not fit other specialty beer styles would be appropriately considered here. Examples can include sahti, roggenbier, steinbier, white IPA, session IPA and more.

### **Quantitative Style Statistics**

OG	1.030 - 1.140
FG	1.006 - 1.030
ABV	2.5% - 25.0+%
IBU	1 - 100
BU:GU	Varies
SRM	Varies
CO2 Volumes	Varies
<b>Apparent Attenuation</b>	Varies

### **U.S. Commercial Examples**

Chainbreaker White IPA	Deschutes Brewery
Sam Adams Norse Legend Sahti	Boston Beer Co.
Campfire Stout	High Water Brewing



### Style A-Z

Alcohol Varies Carbonation (Visual) Varies Clarity Varies Color Varies Country of Origin Undetermined

#### Food Pairings

Cheese VariesEntrée VariesDessert Varies

Glass	Snifter
Hop Aroma/Flavor	Varies
<b>Common Hop Ingredients</b>	Varies
Malt Aroma/Flavor	Varies
<b>Common Malt Ingredients</b>	Varies
<b>Other ingredients</b>	Special

Special or unusual ingredients or a combination of ingredients that bump a beer out of the other styles. For example, a "White IPA" is a combination of a Belgian-Style Wit and American IPA. Examples of specialty or unusual ingredients include maple syrup, potatoes, nuts, etc. Some beers use ingredients in unusual ways, such as a chili-flavored beer that emphasize heat rather than chili flavor, or a juniper berry beer in which the juniper is expressed more as herbal or spice qualities than as a berry or fruity character

Palate BodyVariesPalate CarbonationLow to HighPalate Length/FinishVariesServing Temperature45-55°FWater TypeVaries

#### Yeast

TypeLager or AlePhenolsCan be present.EstersCan be present

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